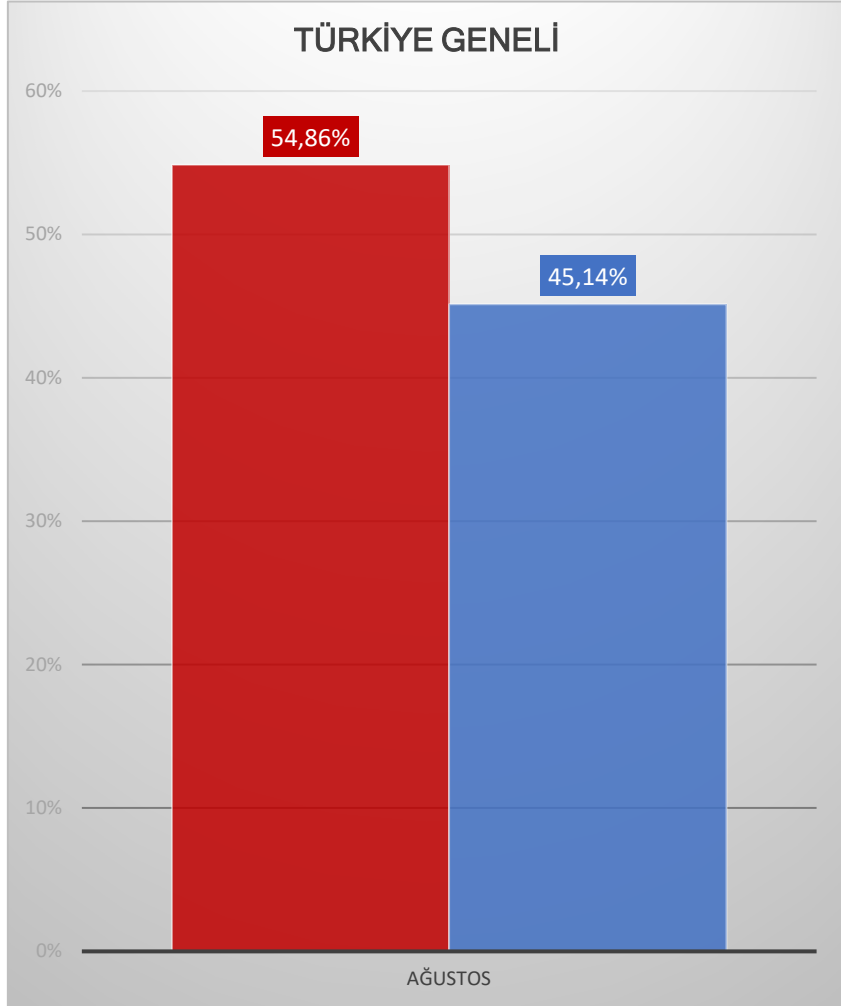




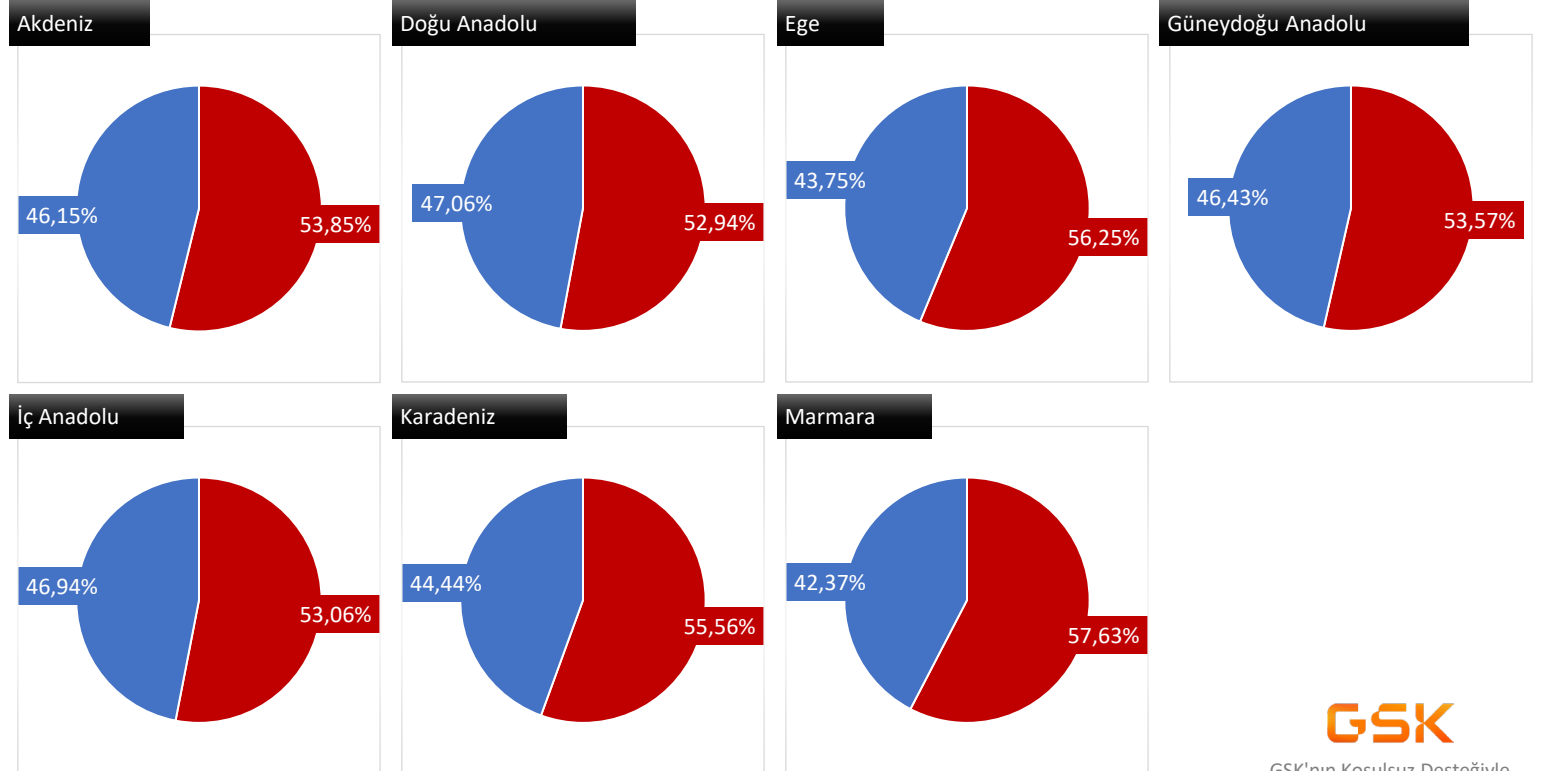
Ağustos 2024 anket sonuçları



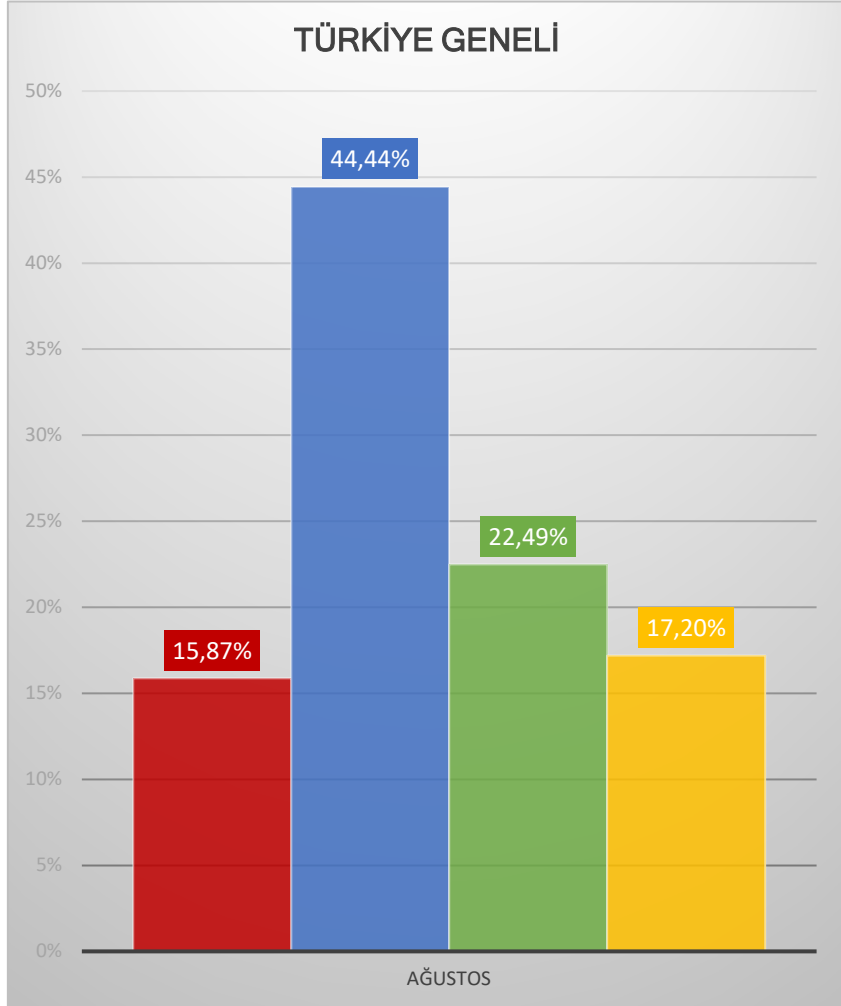
Son 3 ayda hastalarınız size zona hakkında bilgi almak için danıştı mı?



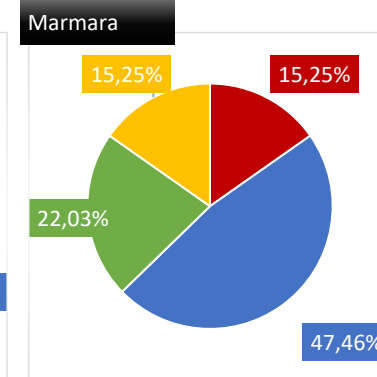
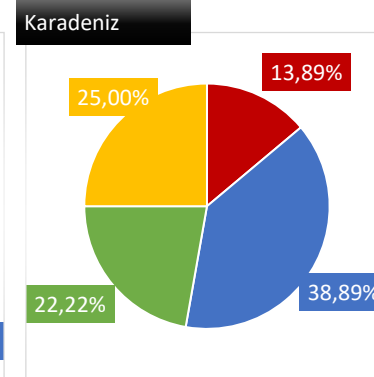
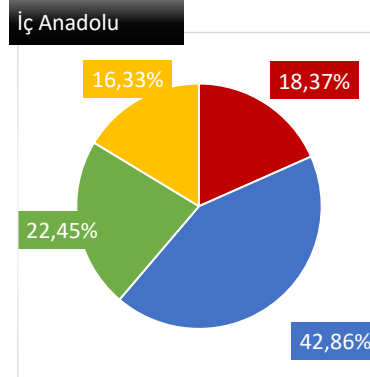
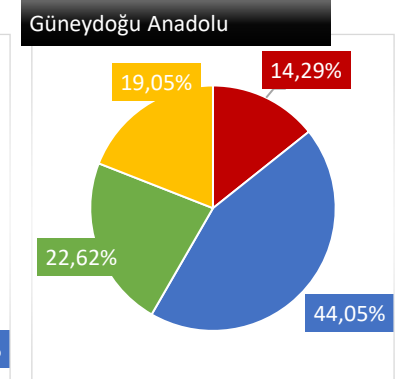
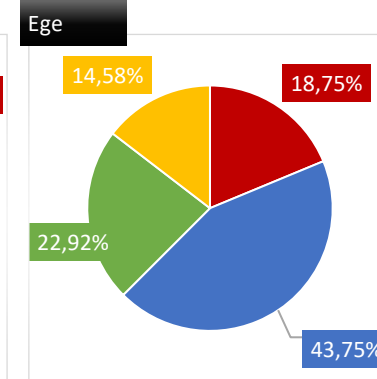
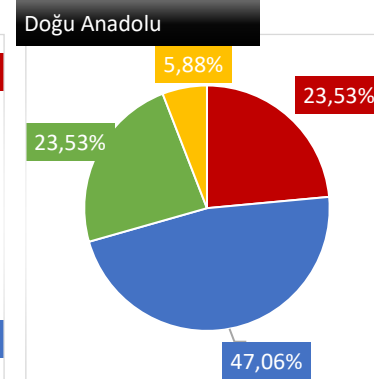
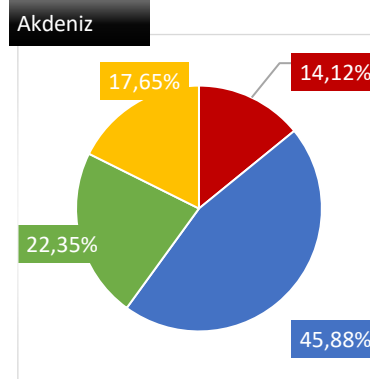
■ Evet
■ Hayır



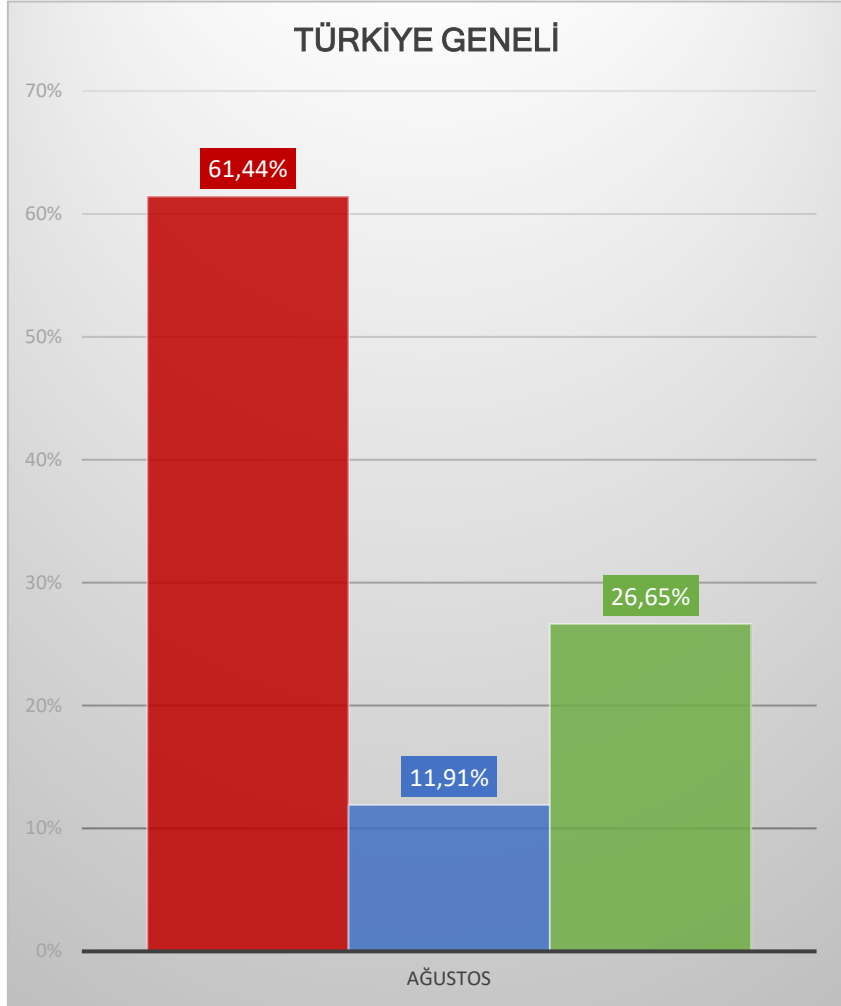
Zona hakkında en çok hangi yaş aralığındaki hastalar bilgi almak istedi?



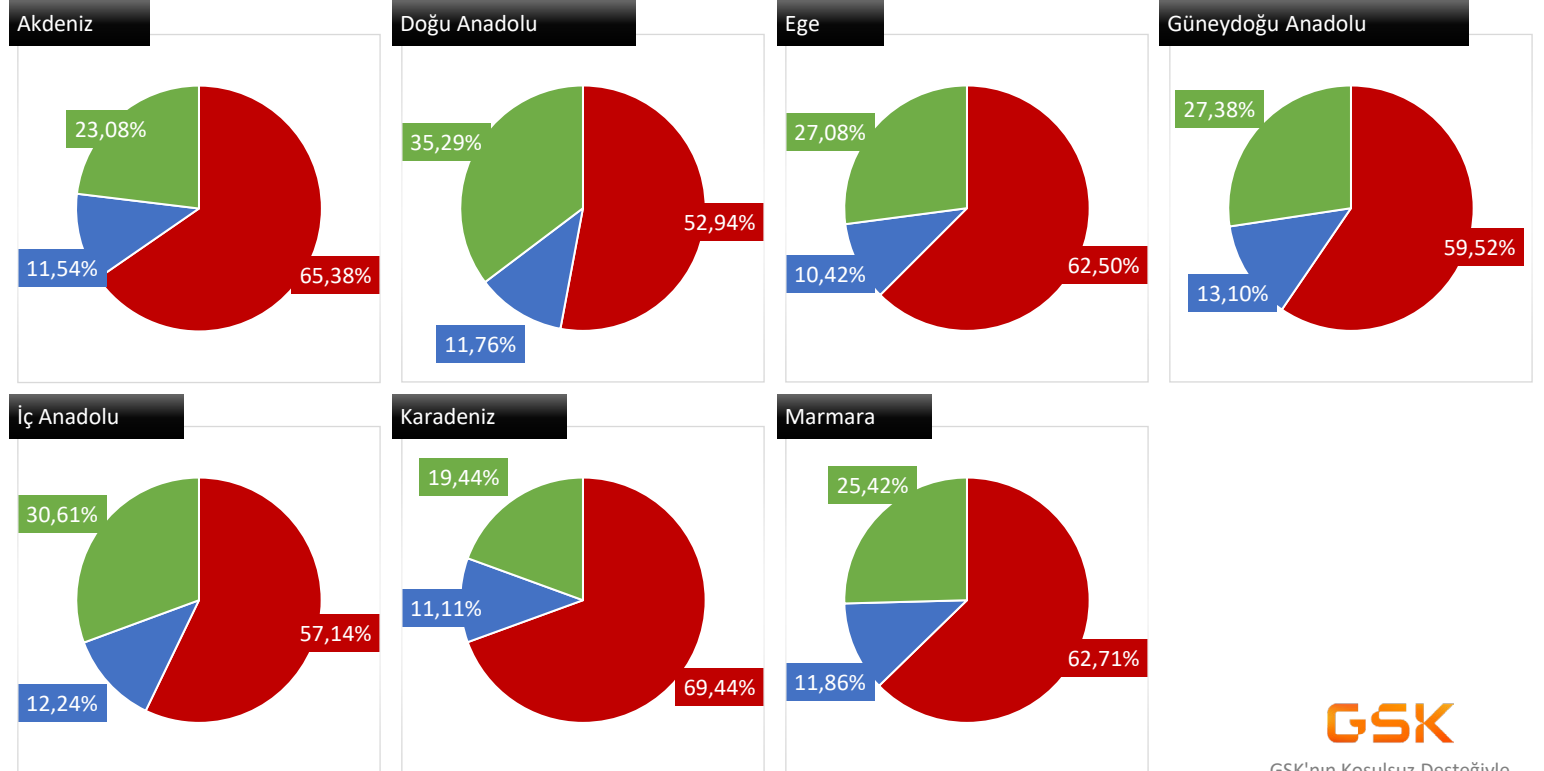
- 40-49
- 50-59
- 60-64
- 65 yaş ve üstü



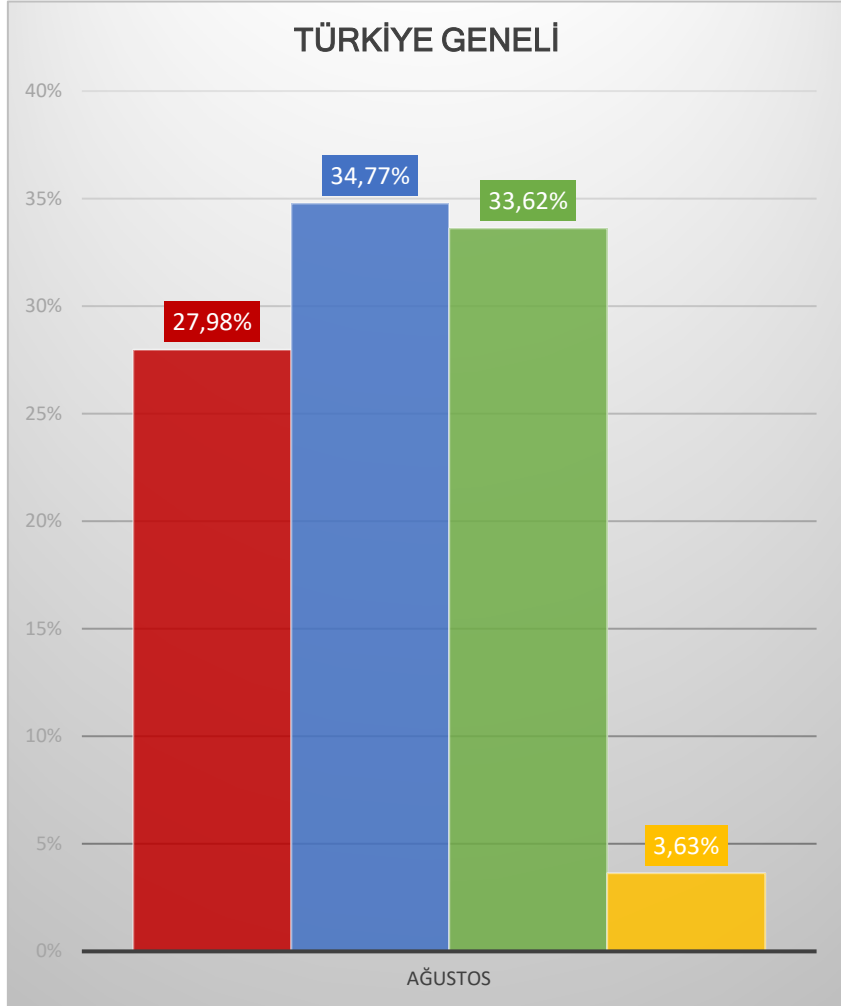
Komorbiditelerin zona hastalığı riskini arttırdığını düşünüyor musunuz?



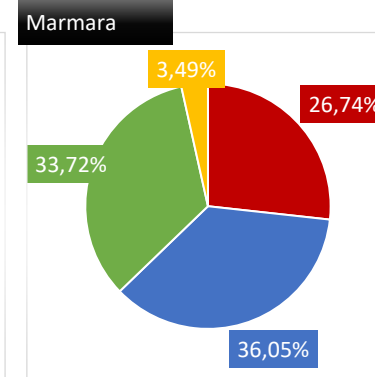
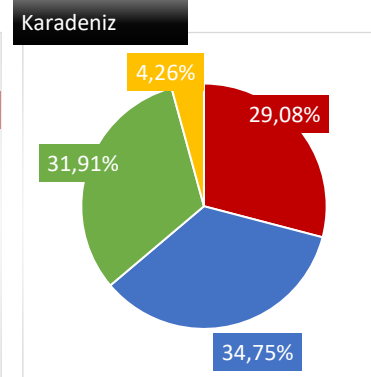
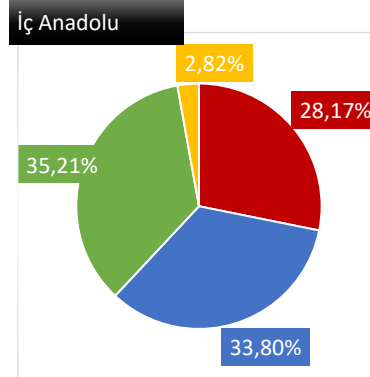
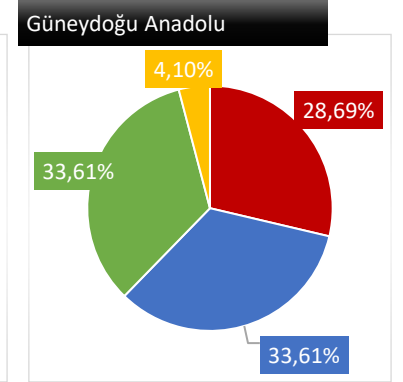
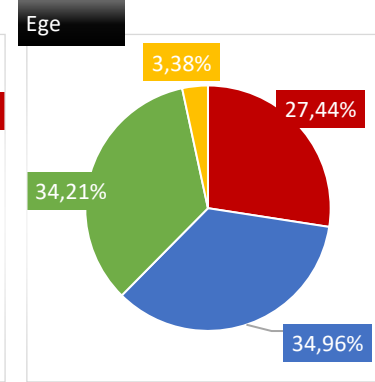
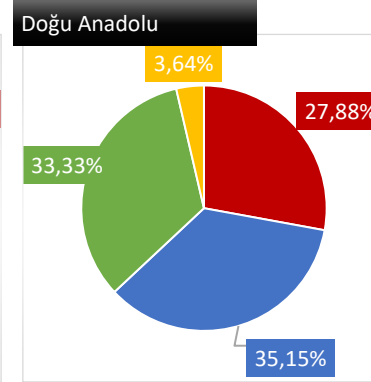
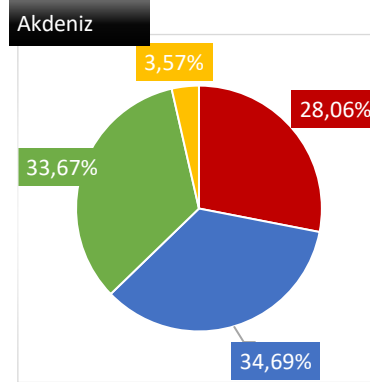
■ Evet
■ Hayır
■ Kararsızım



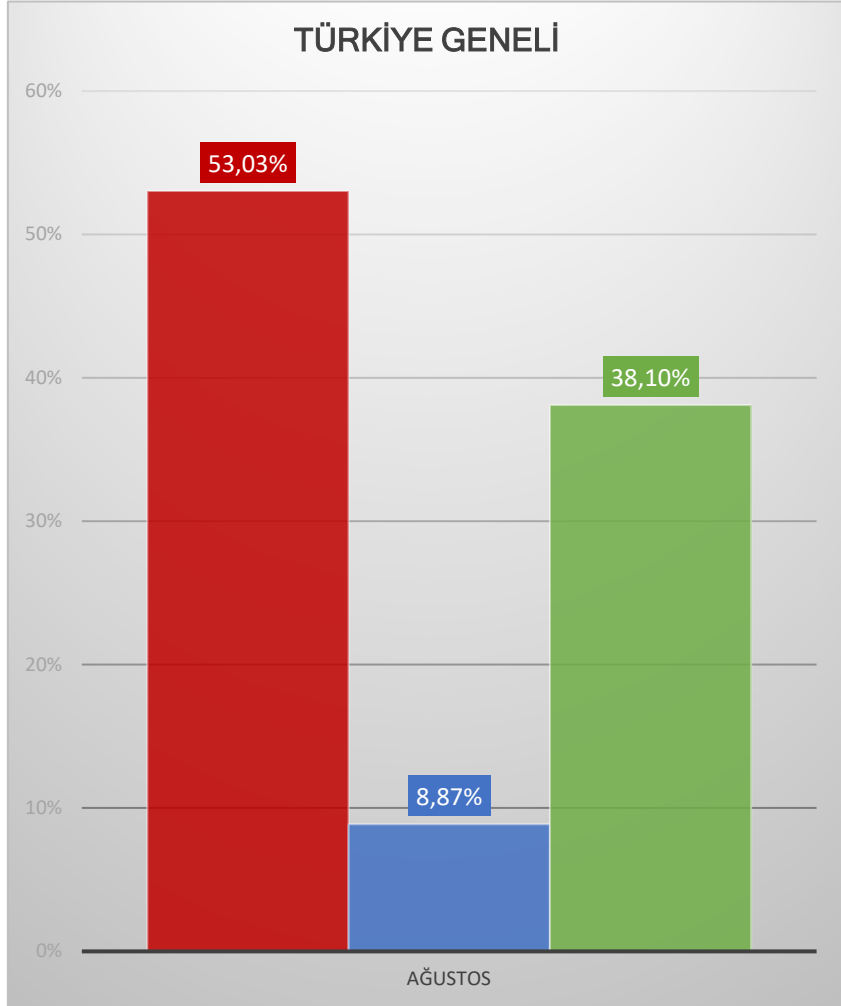
ZONA (herpes zoster) riskine karşı korumada hangi grupları önceliklendirirsiniz?



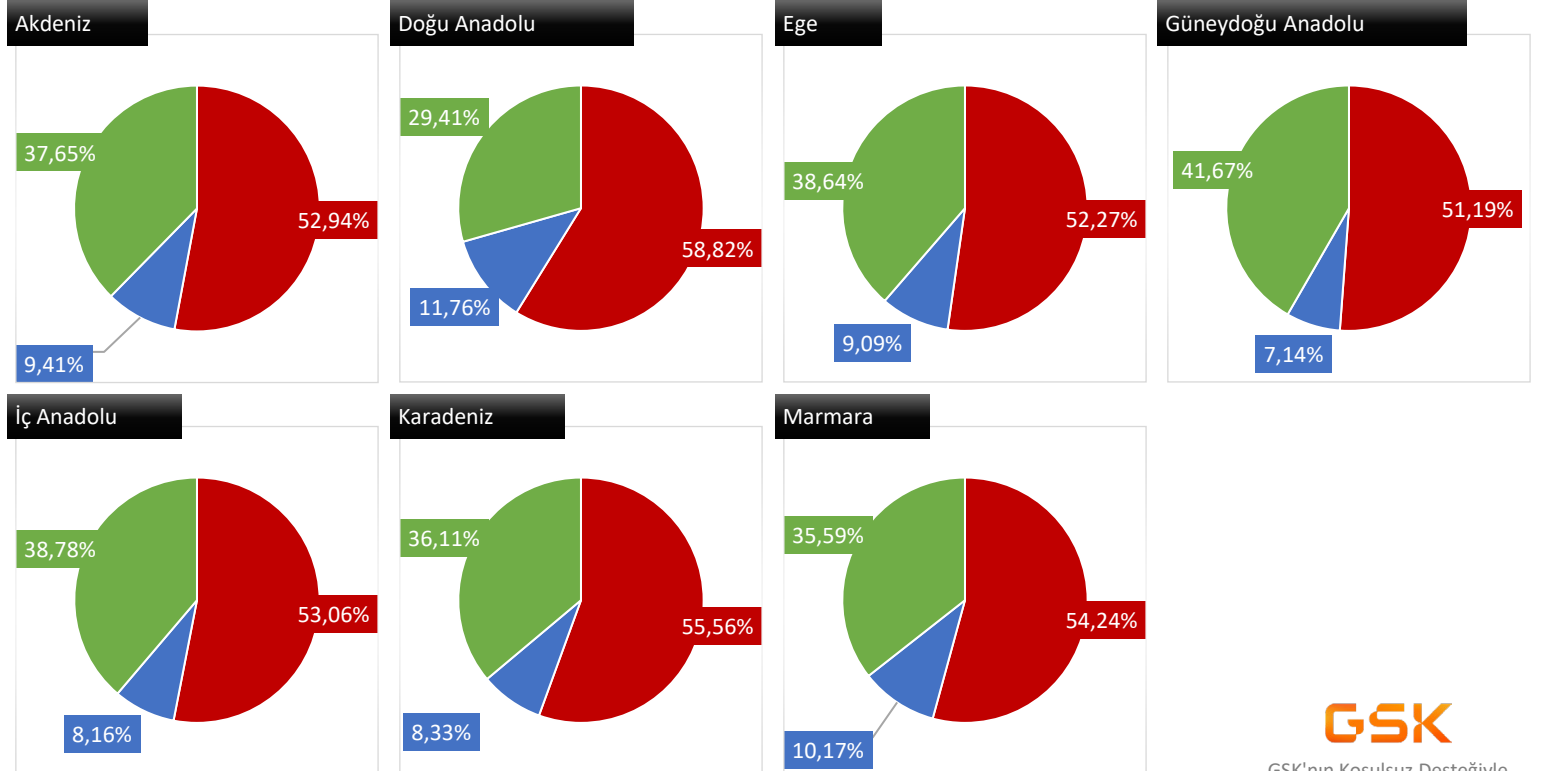
- Bağışıklığı baskılanmış hastalar
- Kronik rahatsızlığı ve komorbitesi olan hastalar
- 50 yaş ve üstü herkes
- Hiçbiri



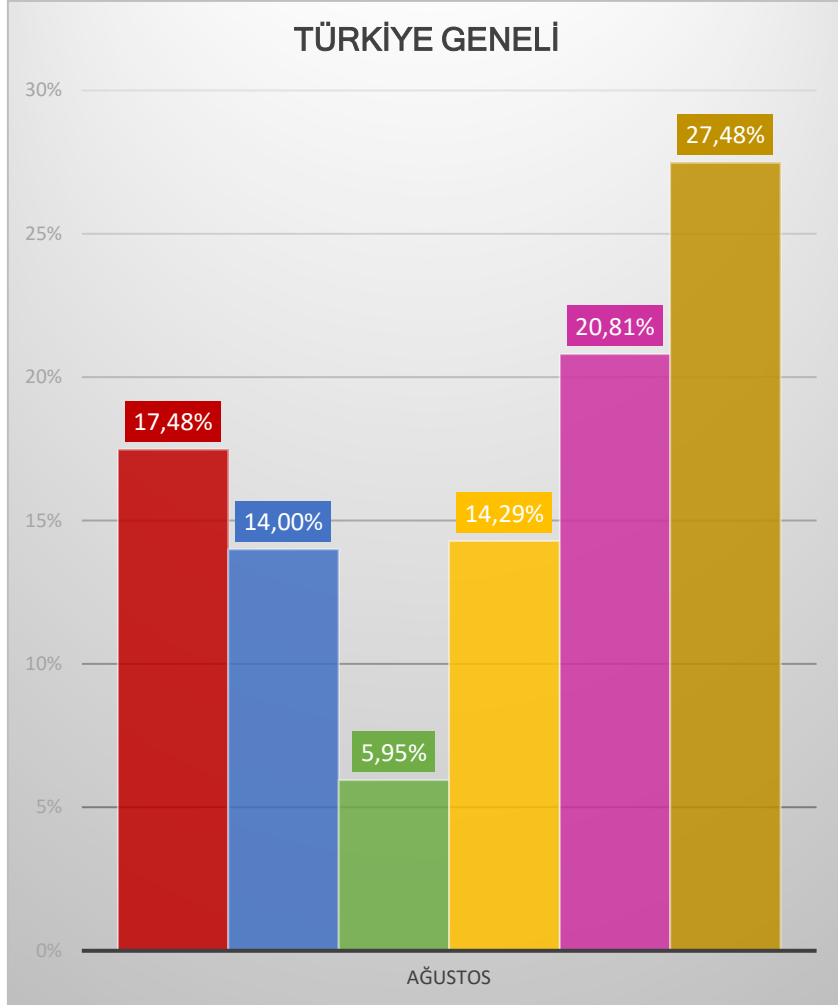
Erişkin aşılarının rutin sağlık kontrollerinin bir parçası olarak görülmesi gerektiğini düşünüyor musunuz?



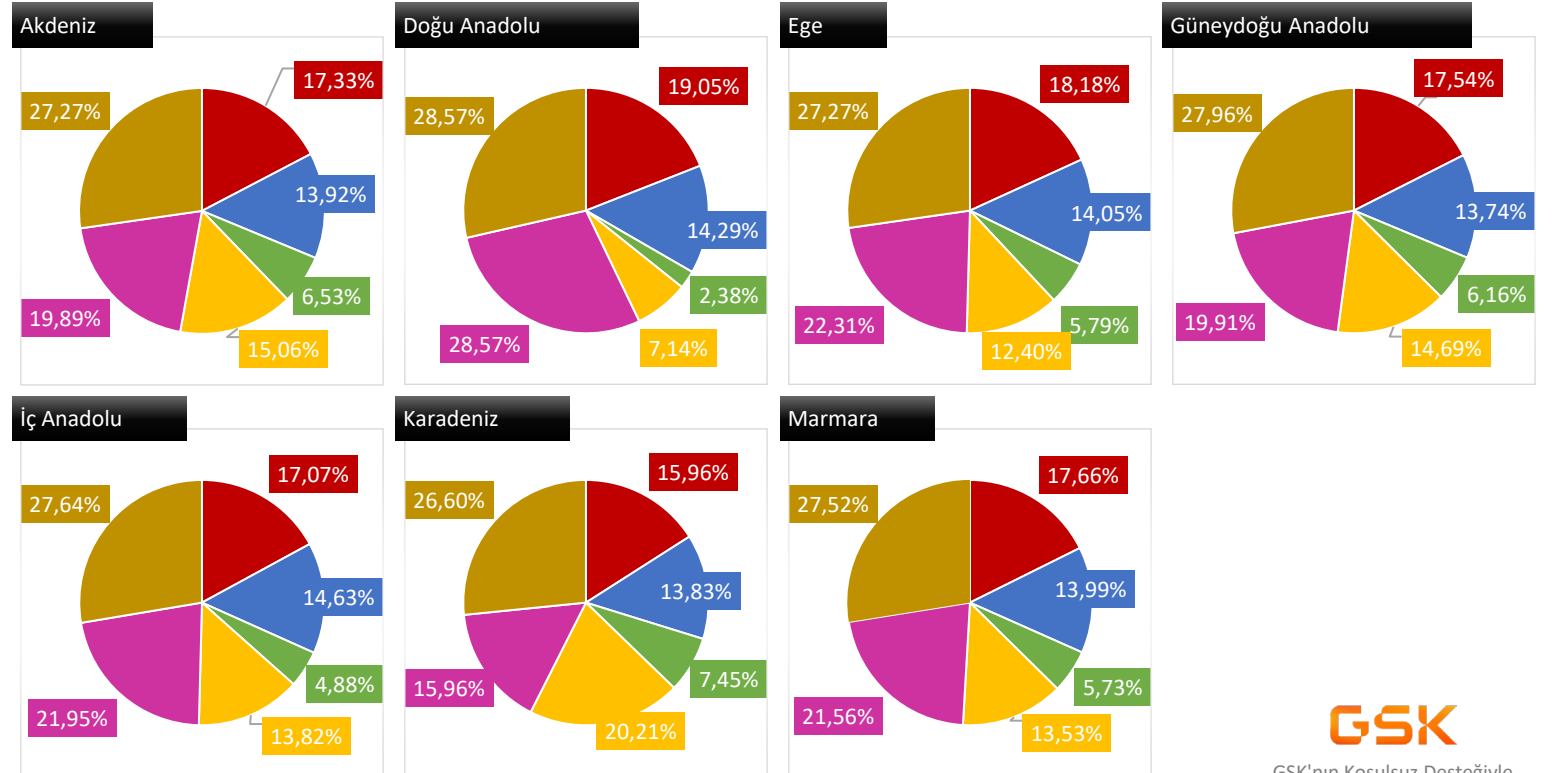
■ Evet
■ Hayır
■ Kararsızım



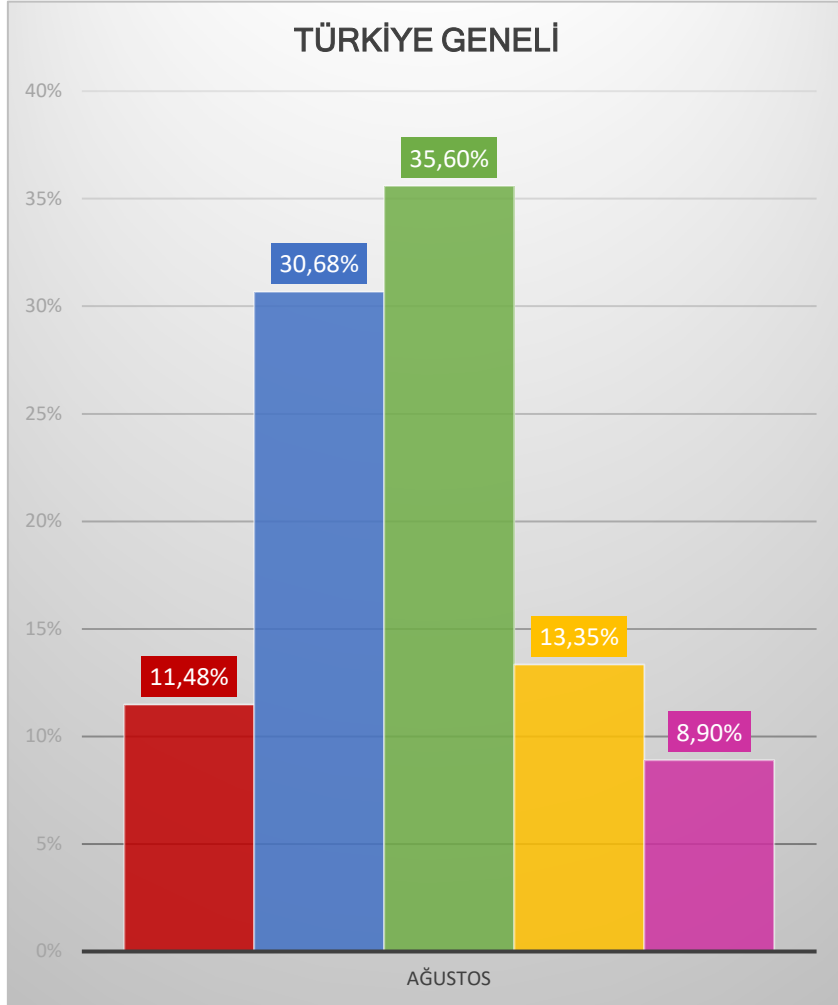
Erişkin aşılama hakkında hastalarınıza öneri yaparken en çok hangi kaynaktan bilgi alıyorsunuz?



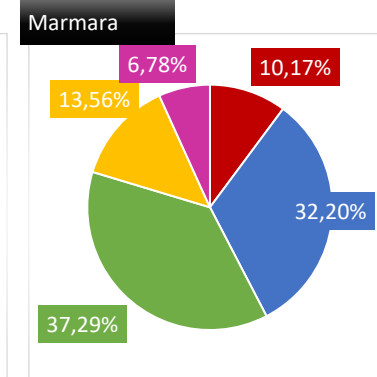
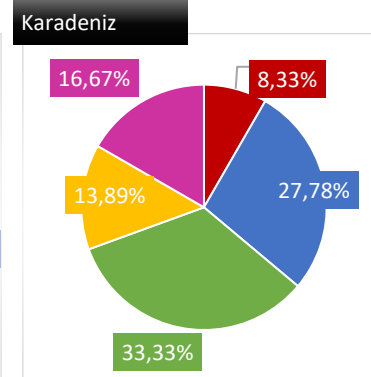
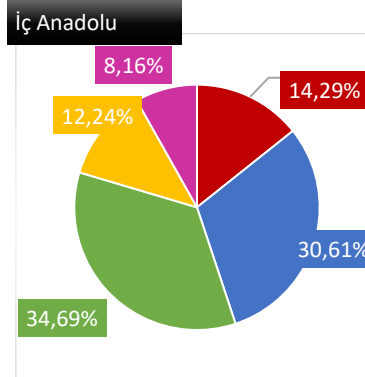
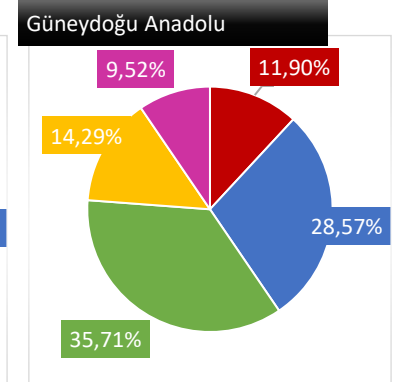
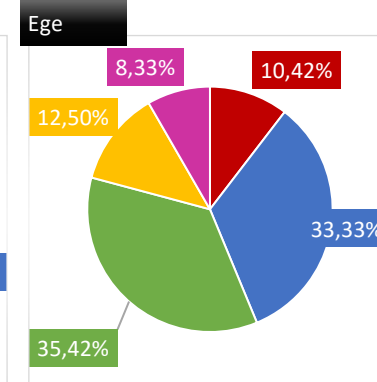
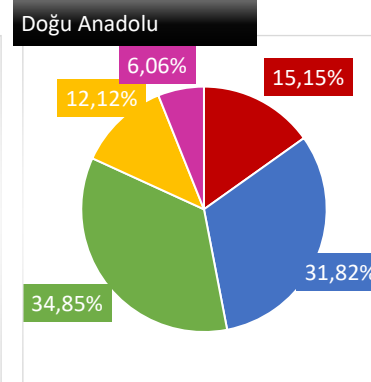
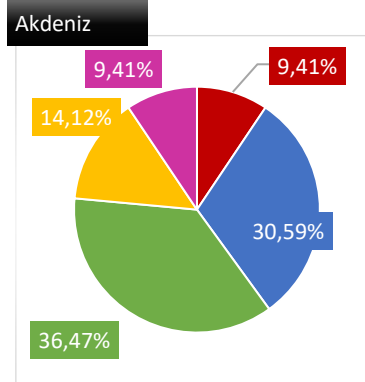
- Global&Lokal Kılavuzları
- Tıbbi dergiler ve yayınlar
- İnternet ve çevrimiçi platformlar
- Meslektaşlar ve uzmanlara danışma
- İlaç firmalarının bilgilendirmeleri
- Eğitim seminerleri ve konferanslar



Hastalarınıza aşı önerirken karşılaştığınız en büyük zorluk nedir?

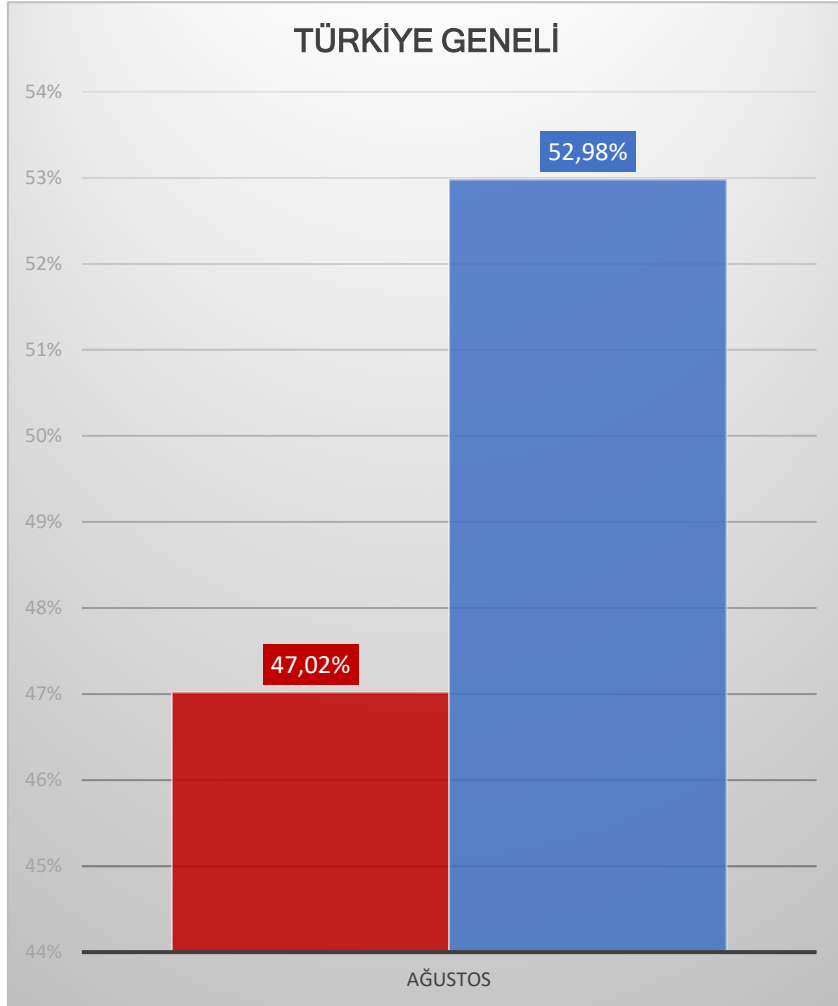


- Zaman yetersizliği
- Hastaların aşıya karşı dirençli olması
- Aşının maliyeti
- Aşıya erişim sorunları
- Aşıların etkinliği konusunda emin olamama



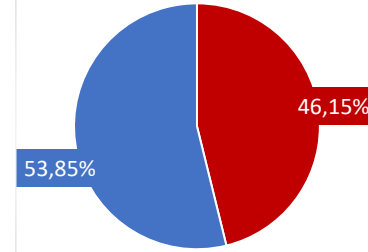


Son bir yılda, erişkin aşıları konusunda eğitim veya seminerlere katıldınız mı?

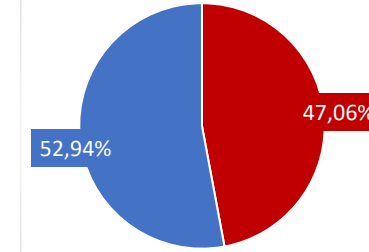


■ Evet
■ Hayır

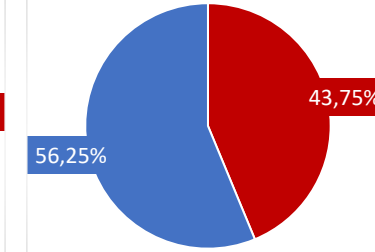
Akdeniz



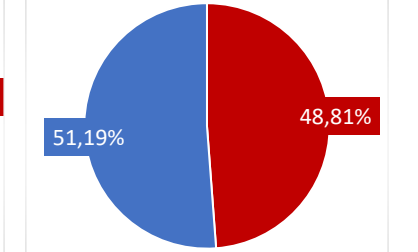
Doğu Anadolu



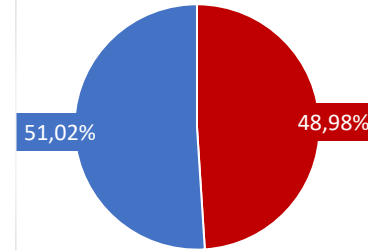
Ege



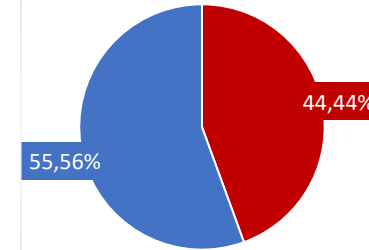
Güneydoğu Anadolu



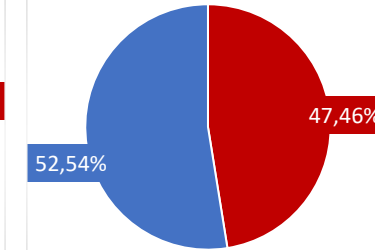
İç Anadolu



Karadeniz

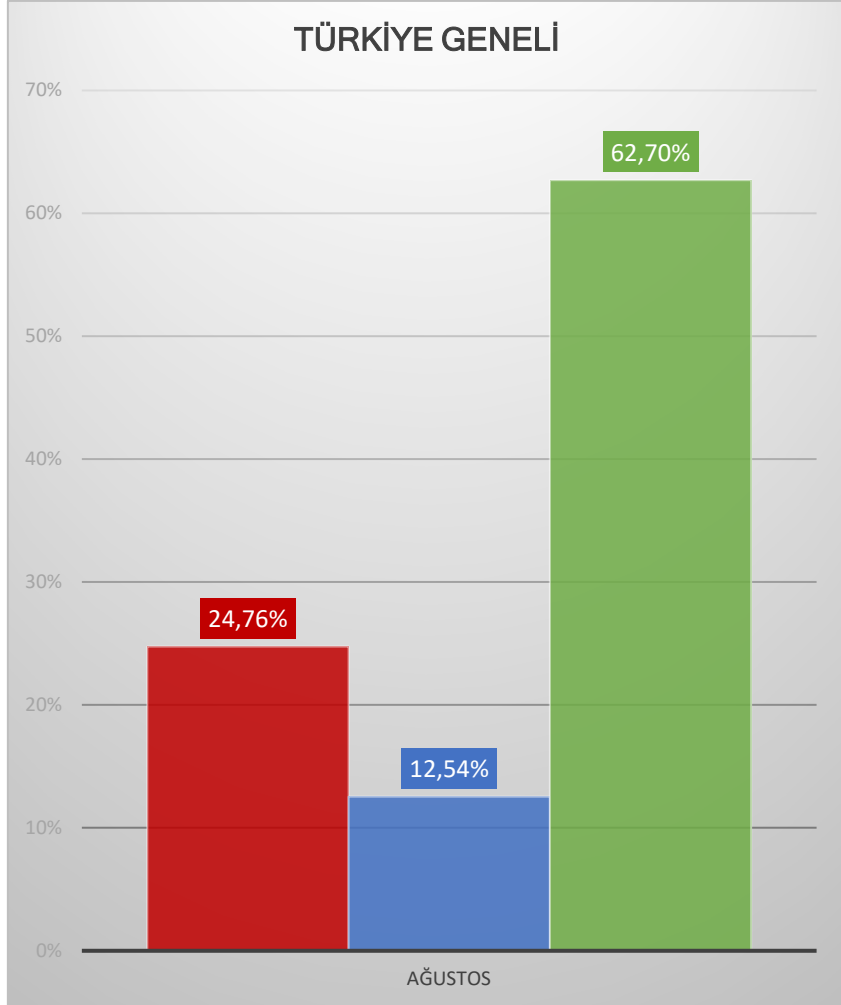


Marmara



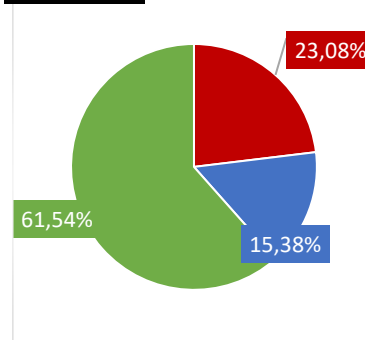


Zonanın ciddi bir hastalık olduğunu düşünüyor musunuz?

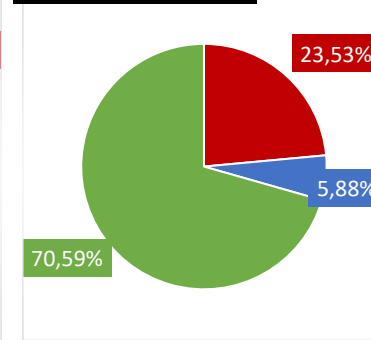


■ Evet
■ Hayır
■ Kararsızım

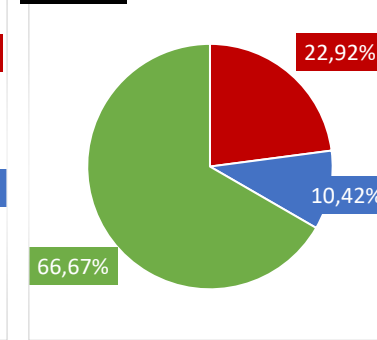
Akdeniz



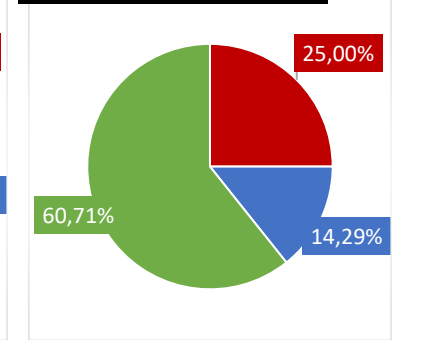
Doğu Anadolu



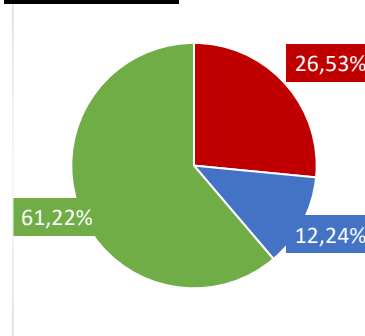
Ege



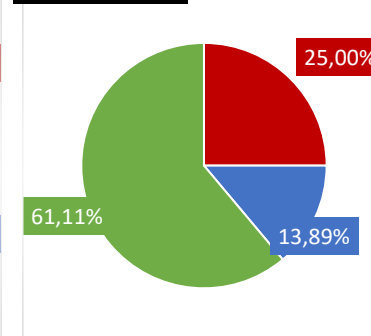
Güneydoğu Anadolu



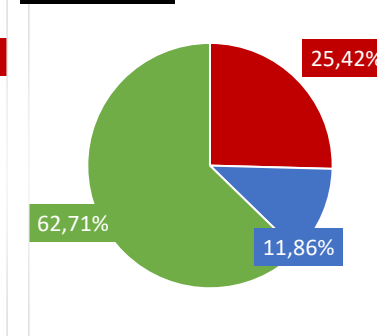
İç Anadolu



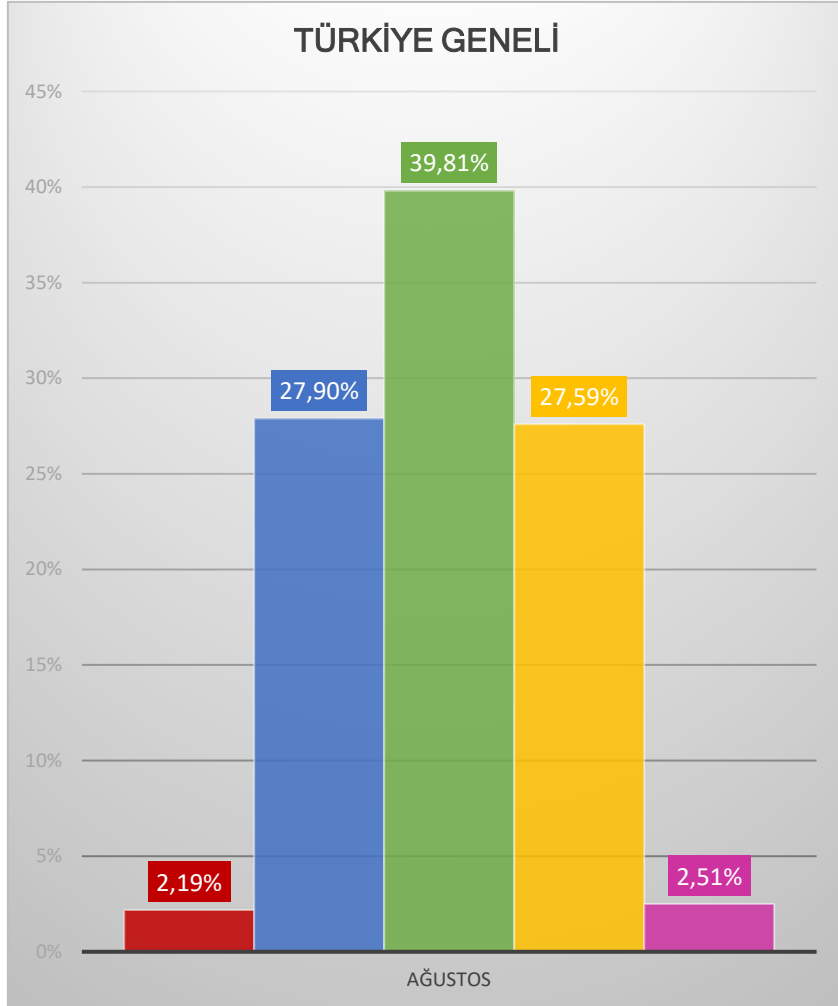
Karadeniz



Marmara

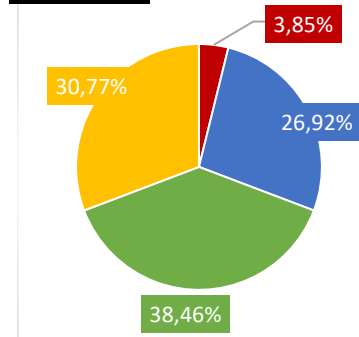


Mevcut zona bilginizin düzeyini 1 ile 5 arasında puanlar mısınız?

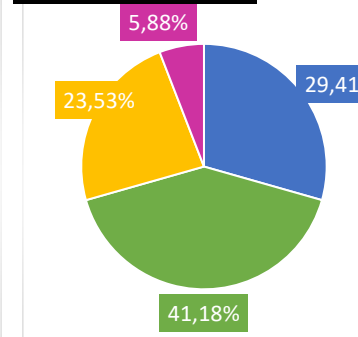


- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

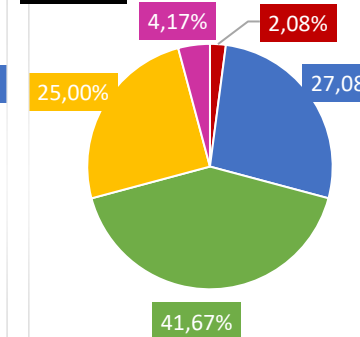
Akdeniz



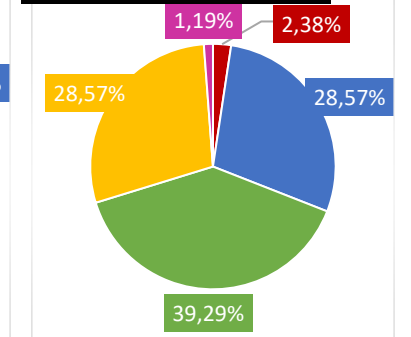
Doğu Anadolu



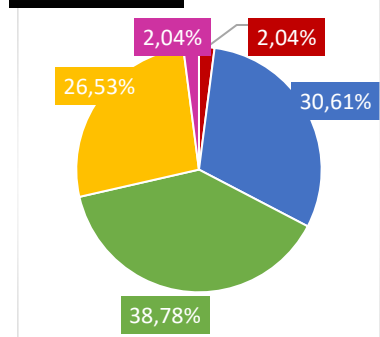
Ege



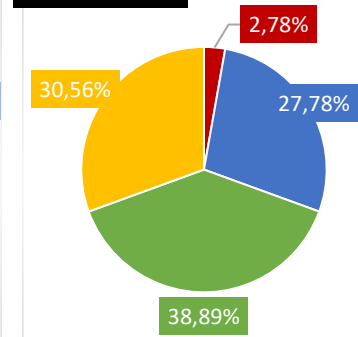
Güneydoğu Anadolu



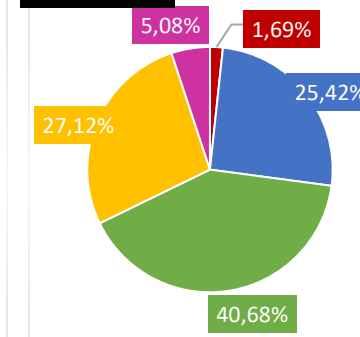
İç Anadolu



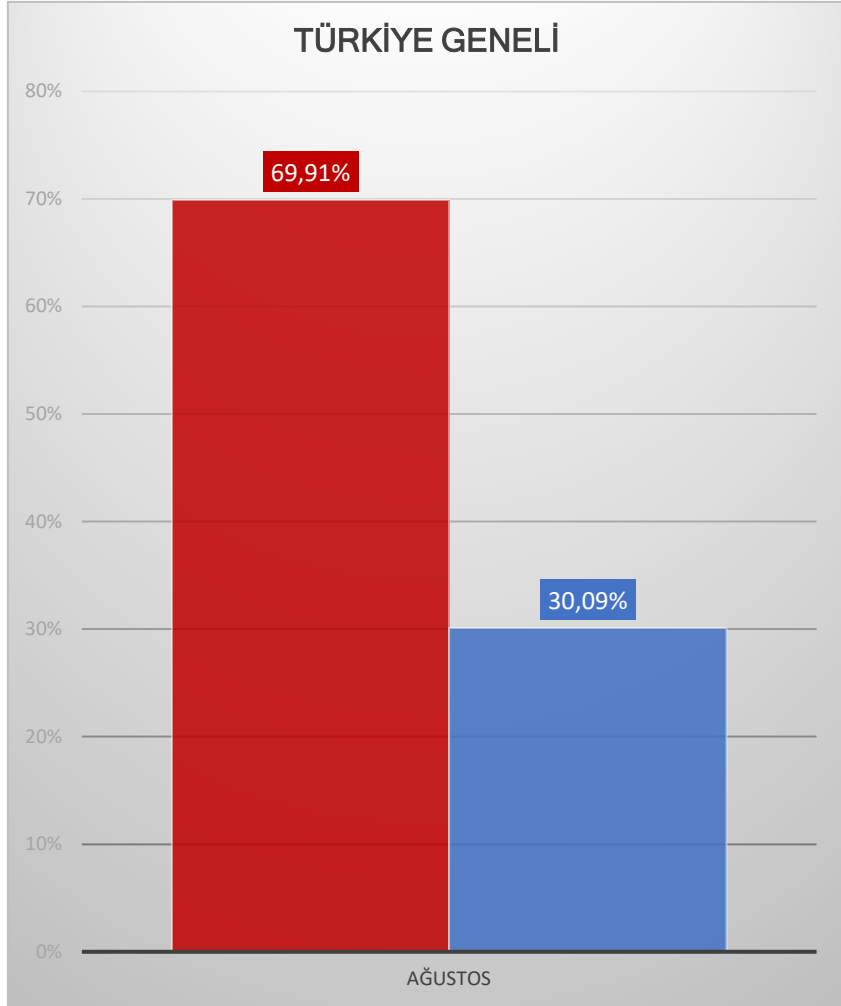
Karadeniz



Marmara

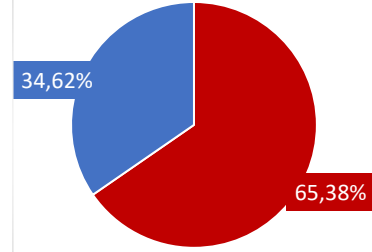


İlk doz aşı olan hastalarda 2. doz takibi yapıyor musunuz?

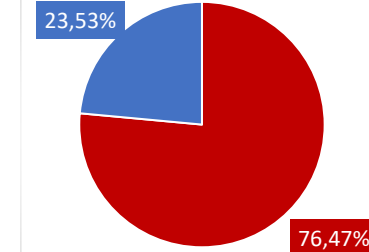


■ Evet
■ Hayır

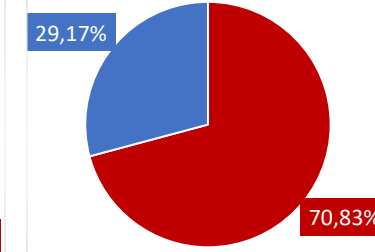
Akdeniz



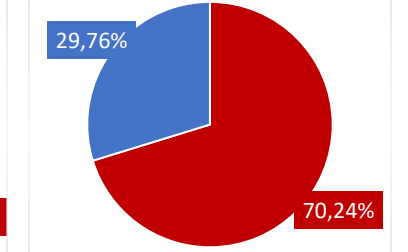
Doğu Anadolu



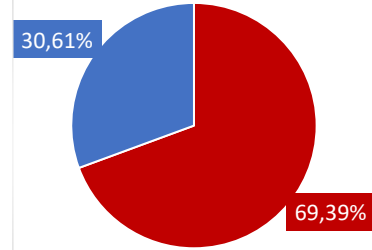
Ege



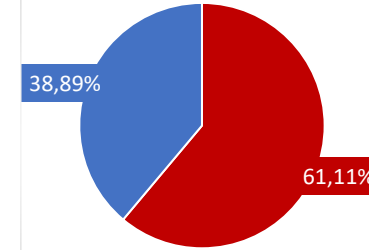
Güneydoğu Anadolu



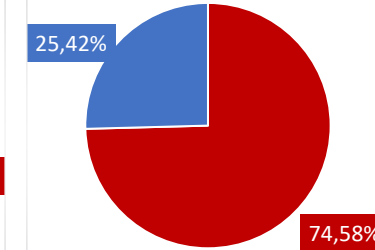
İç Anadolu



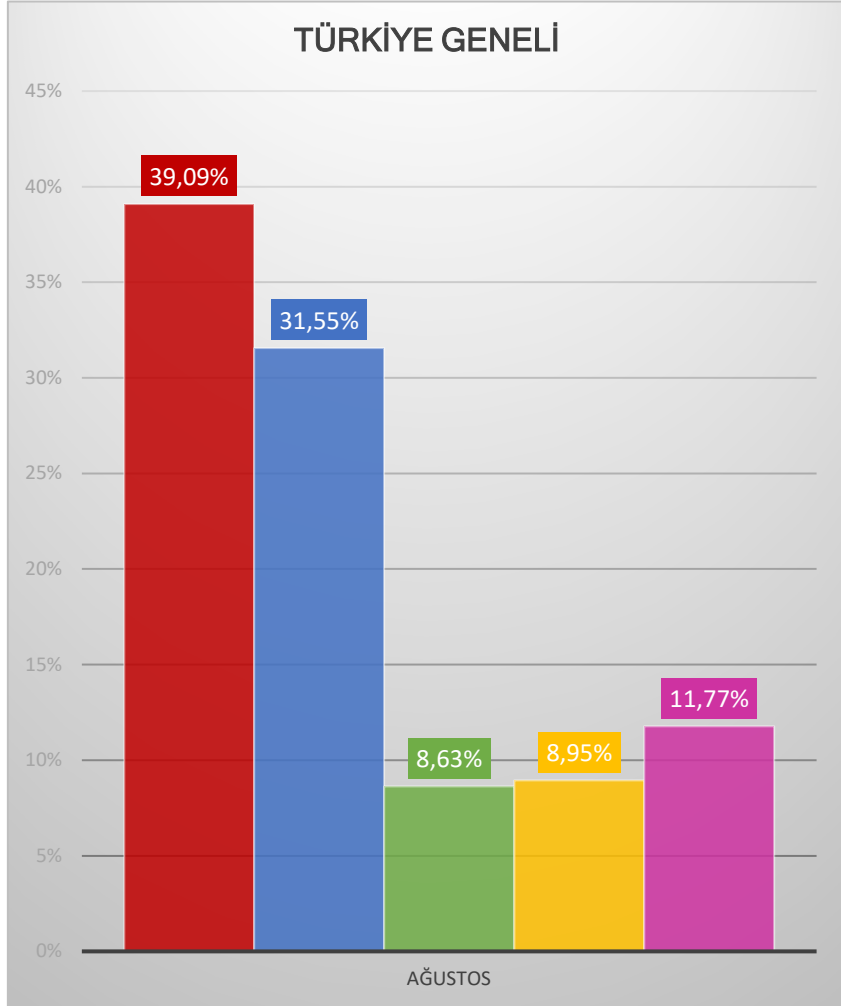
Karadeniz



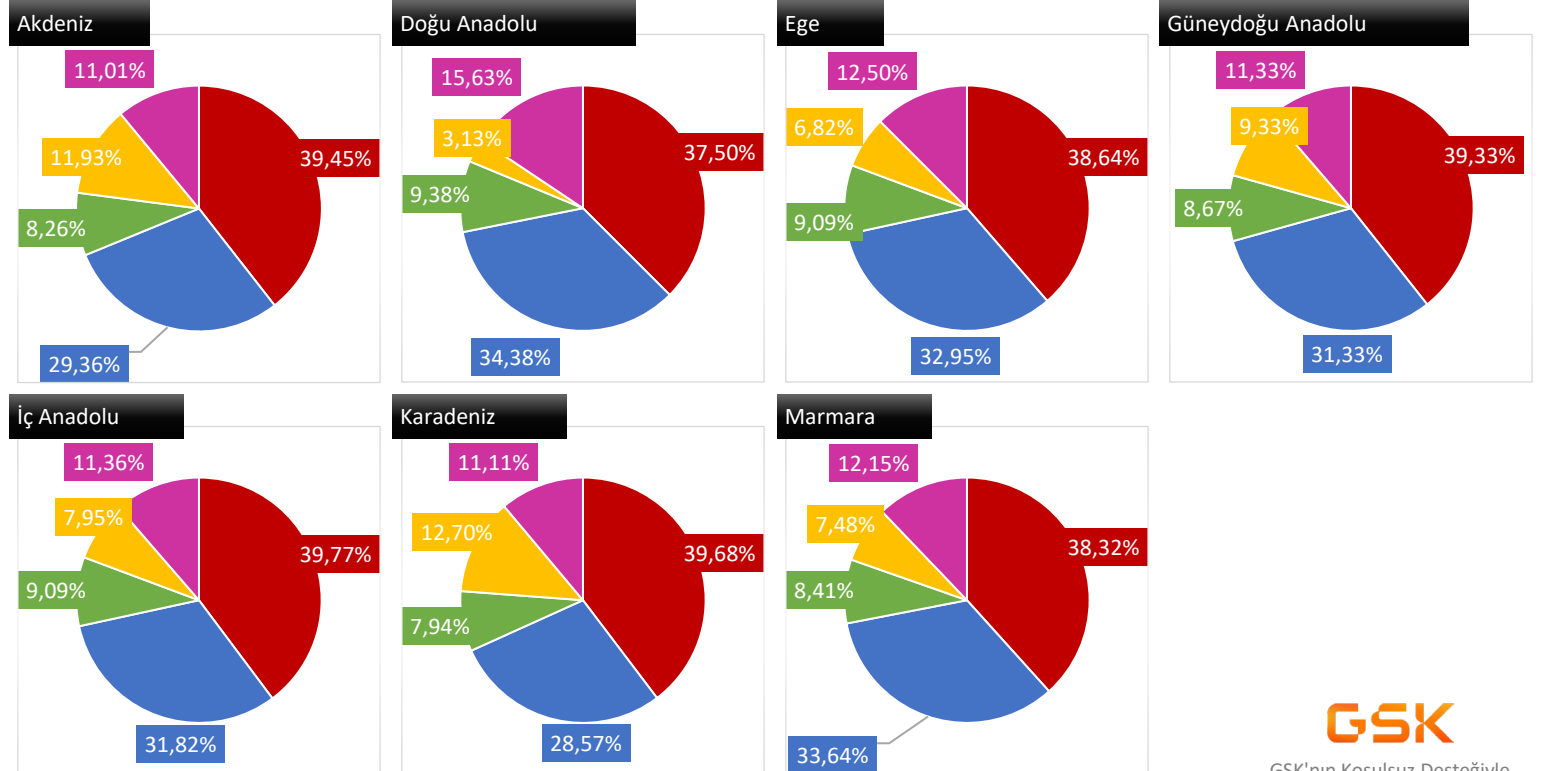
Marmara



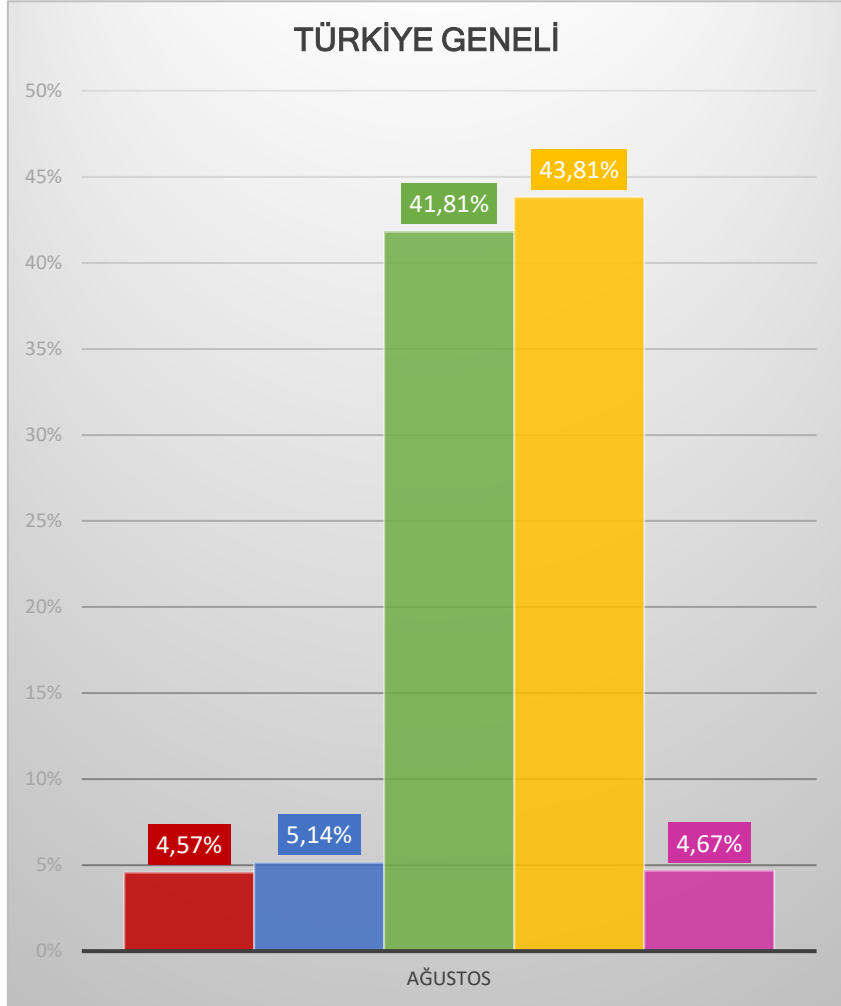
Hastalarınıza önleyici sağlık hizmetlerini (aşılama, taramalar vb.) önerirken en çok hangi faktörleri göz önünde bulunduruyorsunuz?



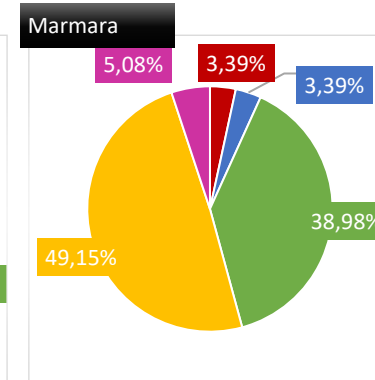
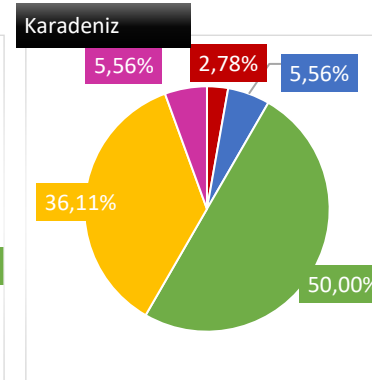
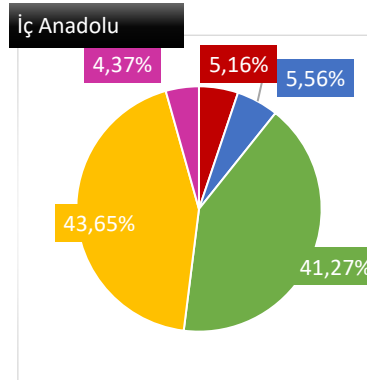
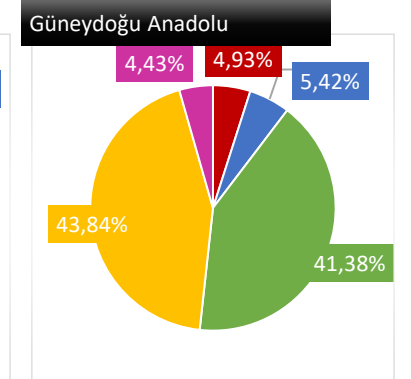
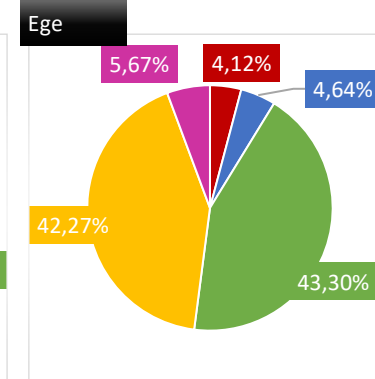
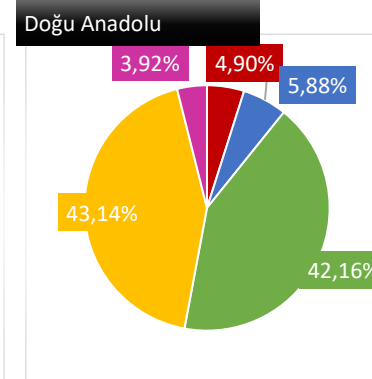
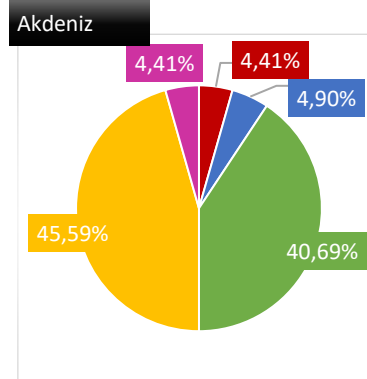
- Hastanın yaşı
- Mevcut sağlık durumu ve komorbiditeler
- Aile öyküsü
- Hastanın yaşam tarzı ve alışkanlıkları
- Sosyoekonomik durum



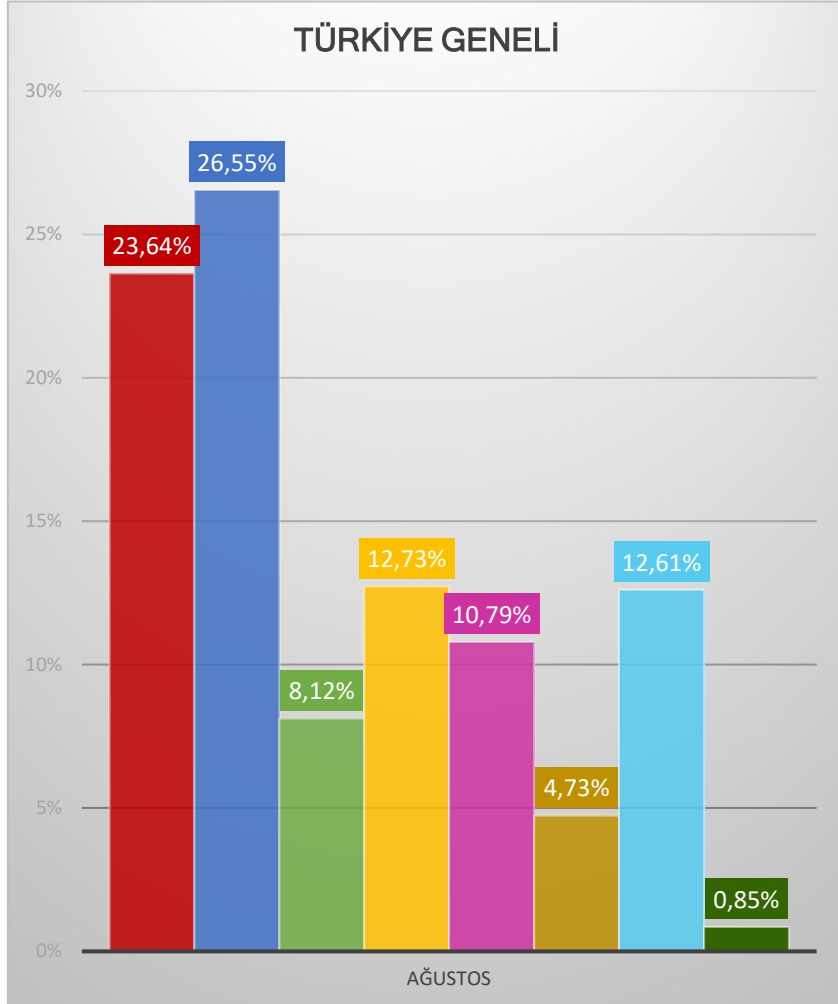
Erişkinlerin aşı ile hastalıklara karşı korunmasının önemli olduğunu düşünüyor musunuz?



- Kesinlikle düşünmüyorum
- Düşünmüyorum
- Kararsızım
- Düşünüyorum
- Kesinlikle düşünüyorum

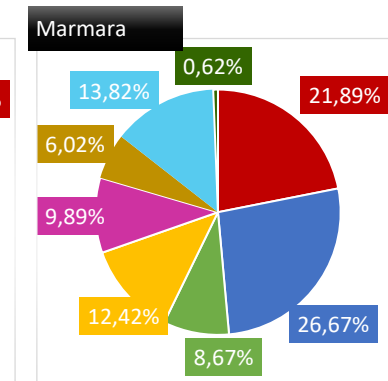
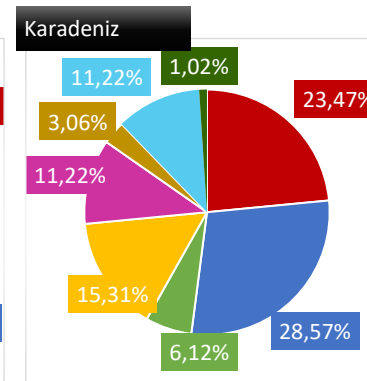
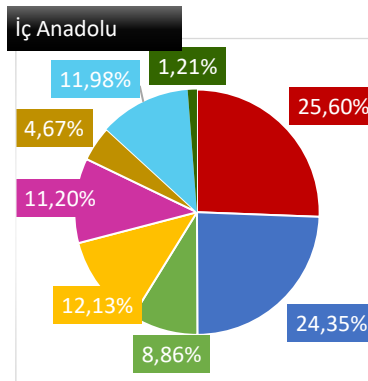
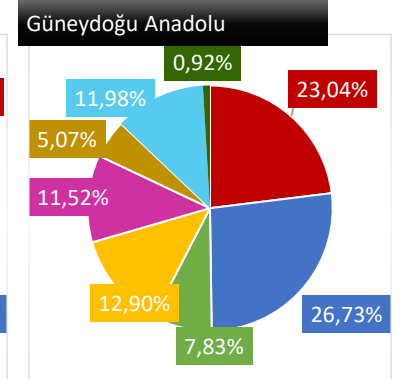
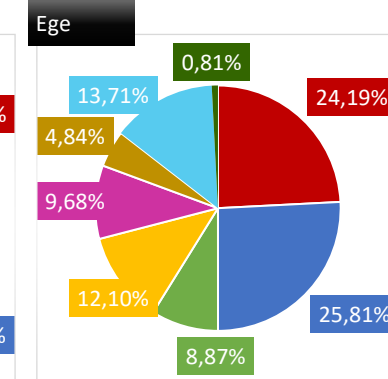
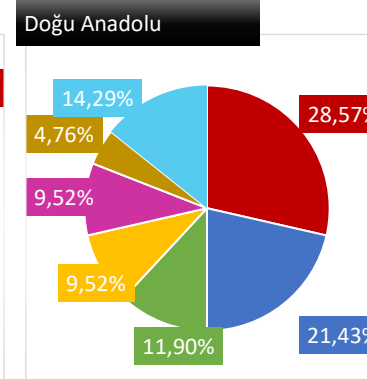
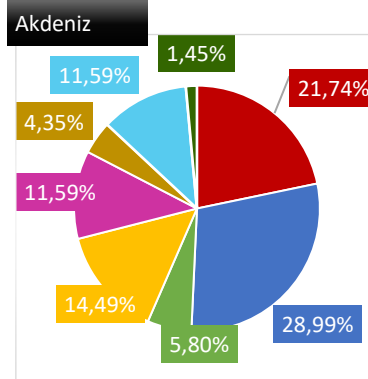


Aşağıdaki aşıları hangilerini hastalarınıza önerdiniz ya da uyguladınız?



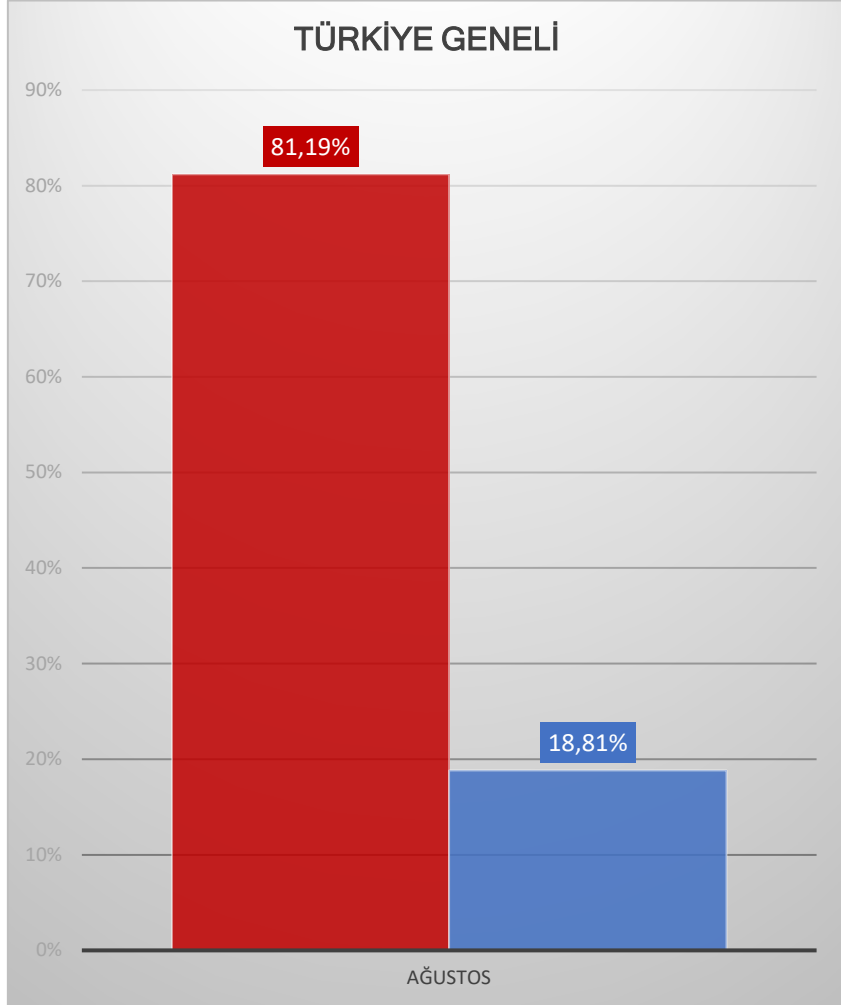
- Grip Aşısı (Influenza)
- Zatüre Aşısı (Pnömonok)
- Zona Aşısı (Herpes Zoster)
- Hepatit Aşısı
- Meningokok Aşısı
- Tetanoz-Difteri Aşısı
- HPV aşısı

■ Aşı önermedim/uygulamadım

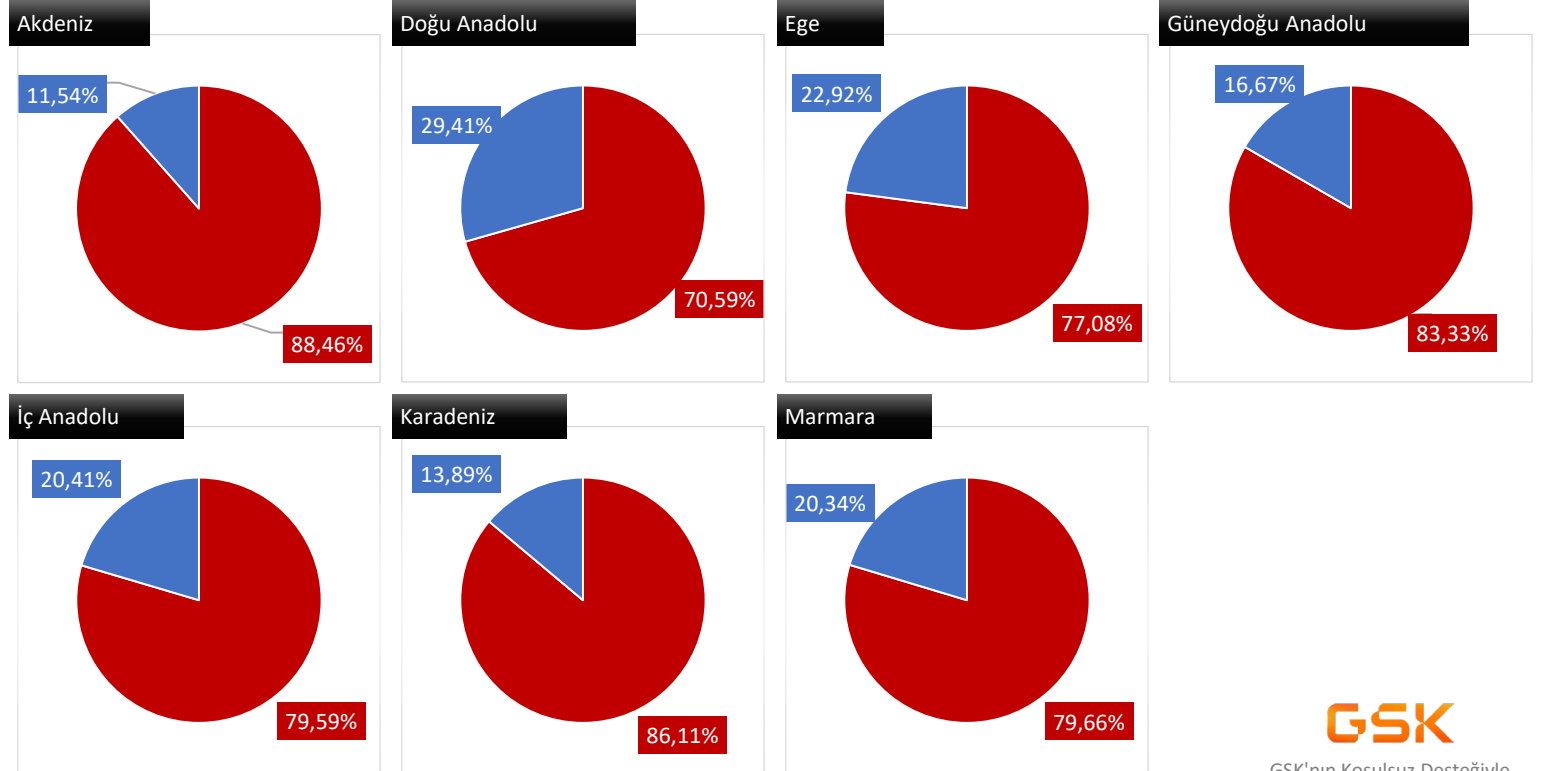




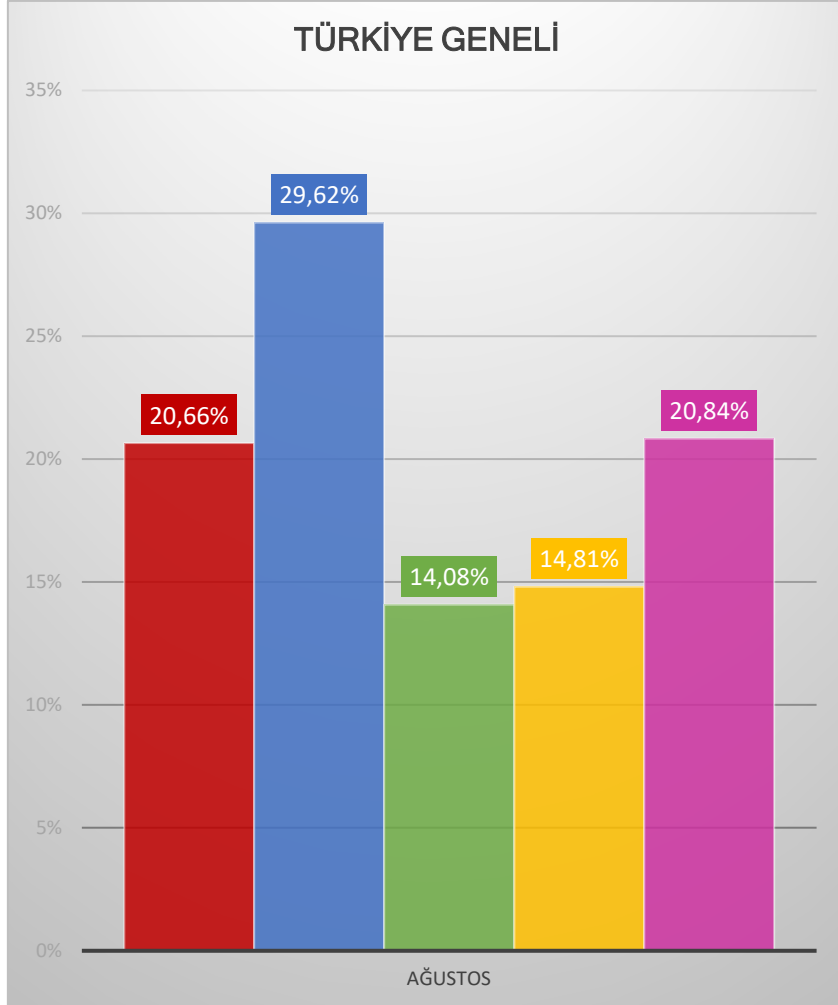
Hastalarla geri ödemesiz aşılar hakkında konuşurken zorlanıyor musunuz?



■ Evet
■ Hayır

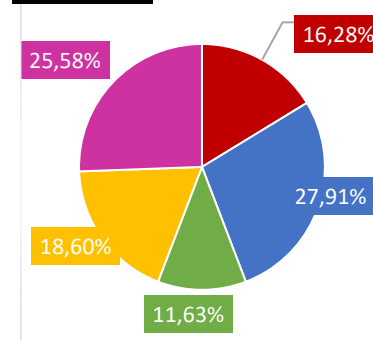


50+ hastalarınızın tedaviye uyumunu artırmak için hangi yöntemleri kullanıyorsunuz?

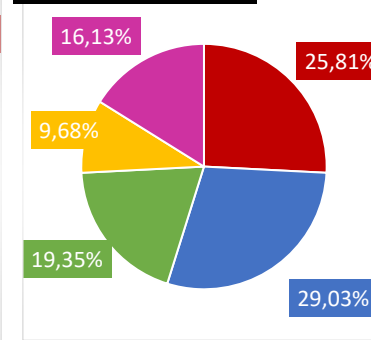


- Eğitim ve bilgilendirme
- Takip ve hatırlatma sistemleri
- Aile üyelerini sürece dahil etme
- Tedavi planını hastanın yaşam tarzına göre uyarlama
- Hastayı kendi sağlık durumu hakkında karar verme sürecine dahil etme

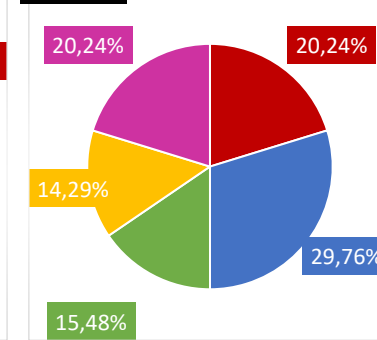
Akdeniz



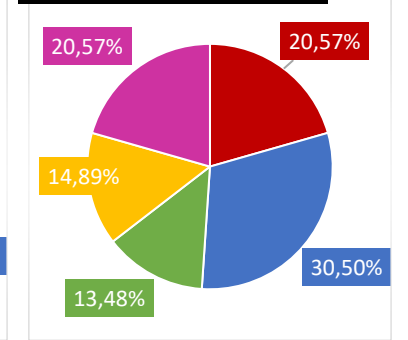
Doğu Anadolu



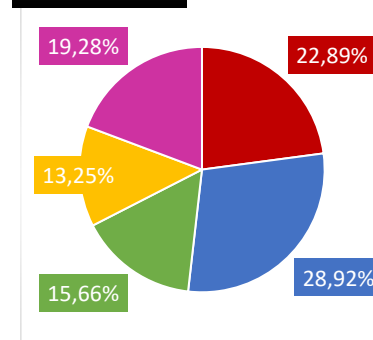
Ege



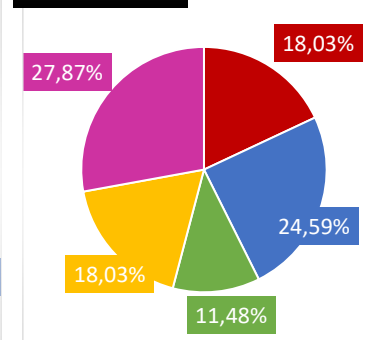
Güneydoğu Anadolu



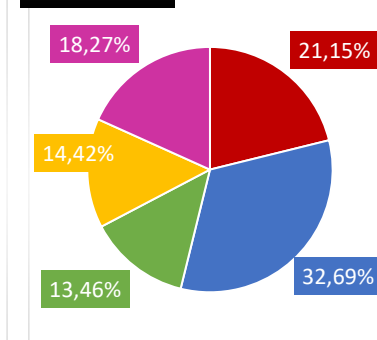
İç Anadolu



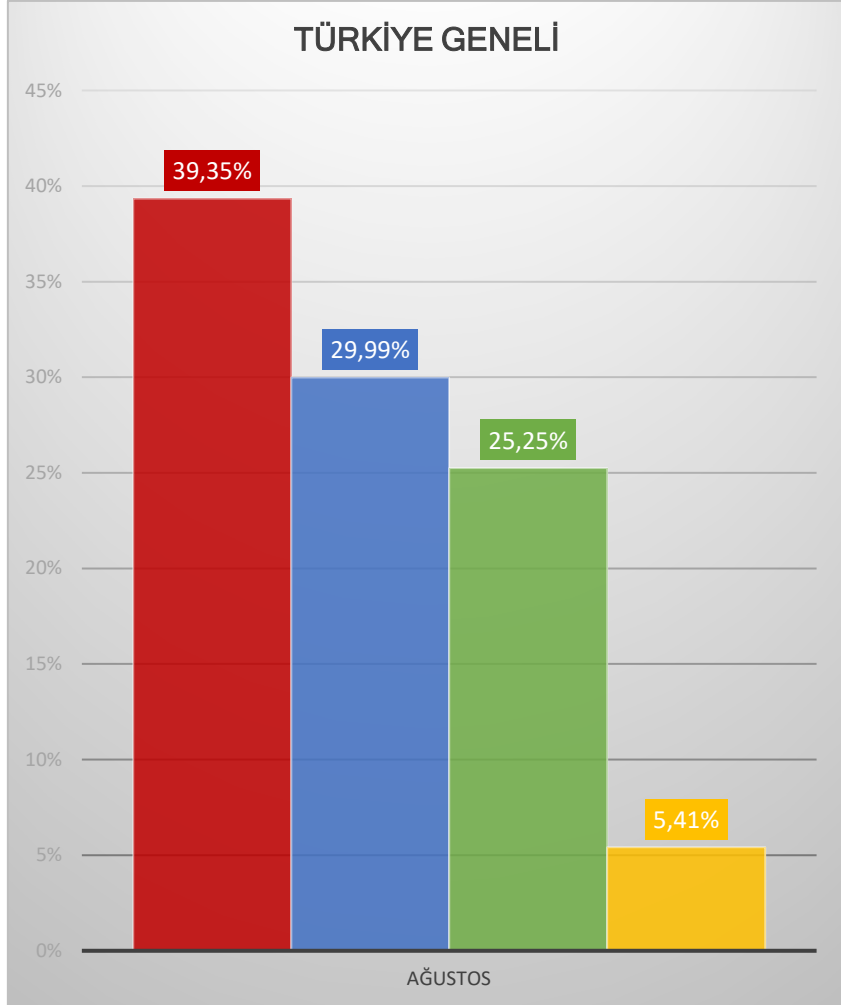
Karadeniz



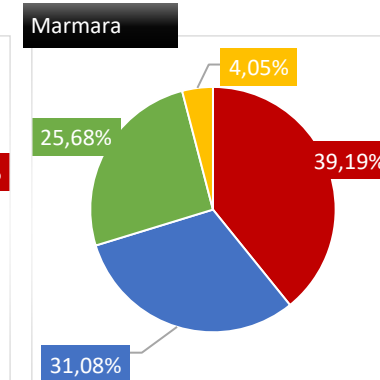
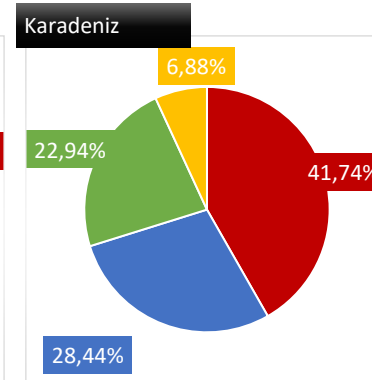
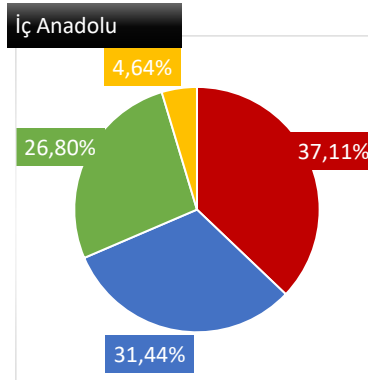
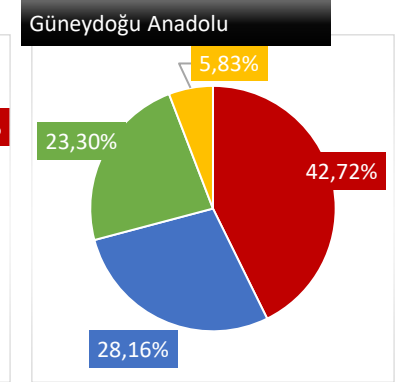
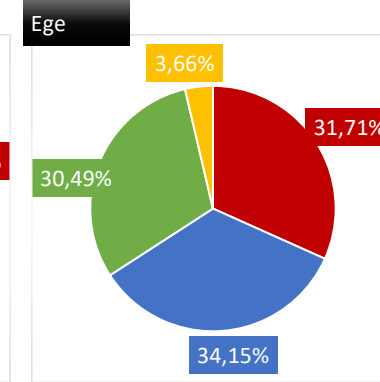
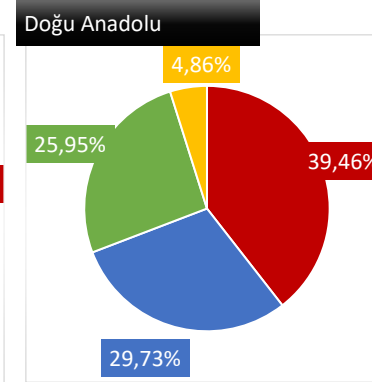
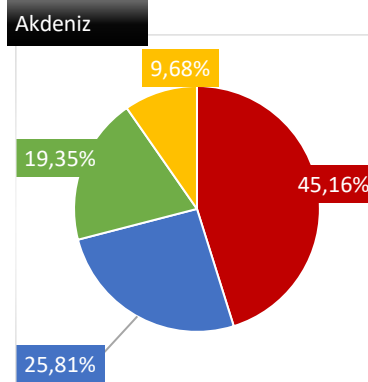
Marmara



Aşağıdaki ifadelerden hangisi erişkin aşıları önerme hakkındaki görüşlerinizi en iyi şekilde açıklar?

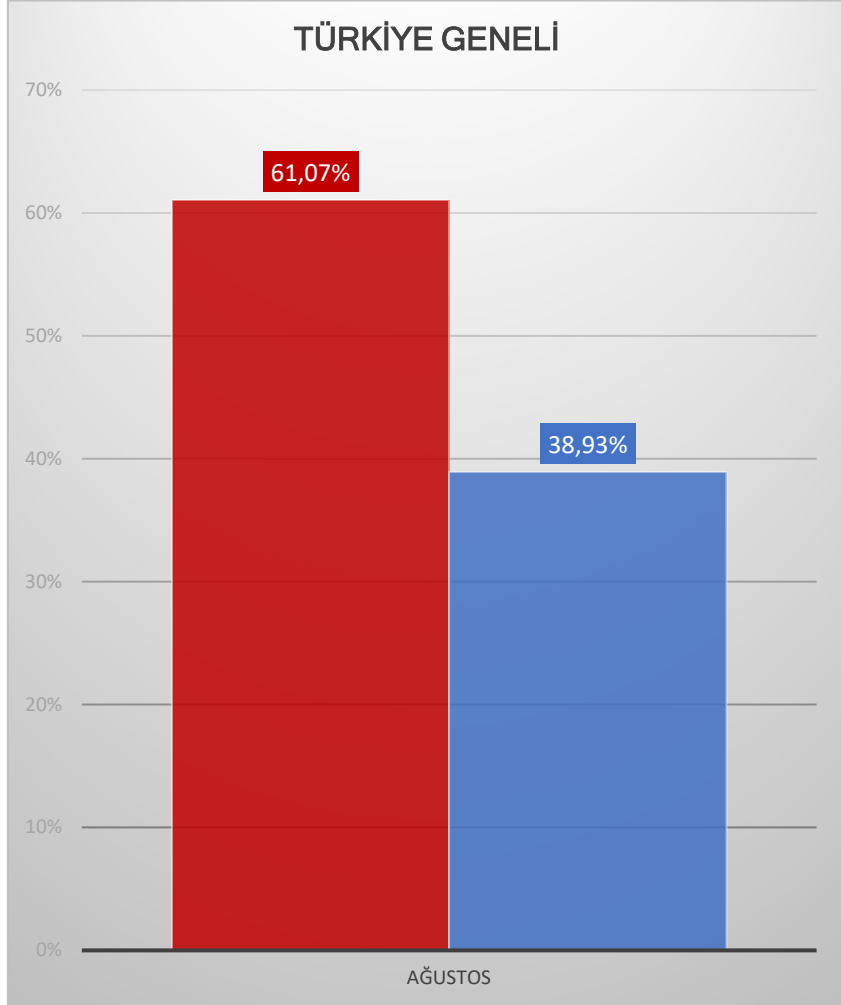


- Tüm hastalara erişkin aşıları öneririm
- Kronik rahatsızlığı/komorbiditesi olan hastalara erişkin aşıları öneririm
- Bağışıklığı baskılanmış hastalara erişkin aşıları öneririm
- Hastalarımın erişkin aşıları önermem

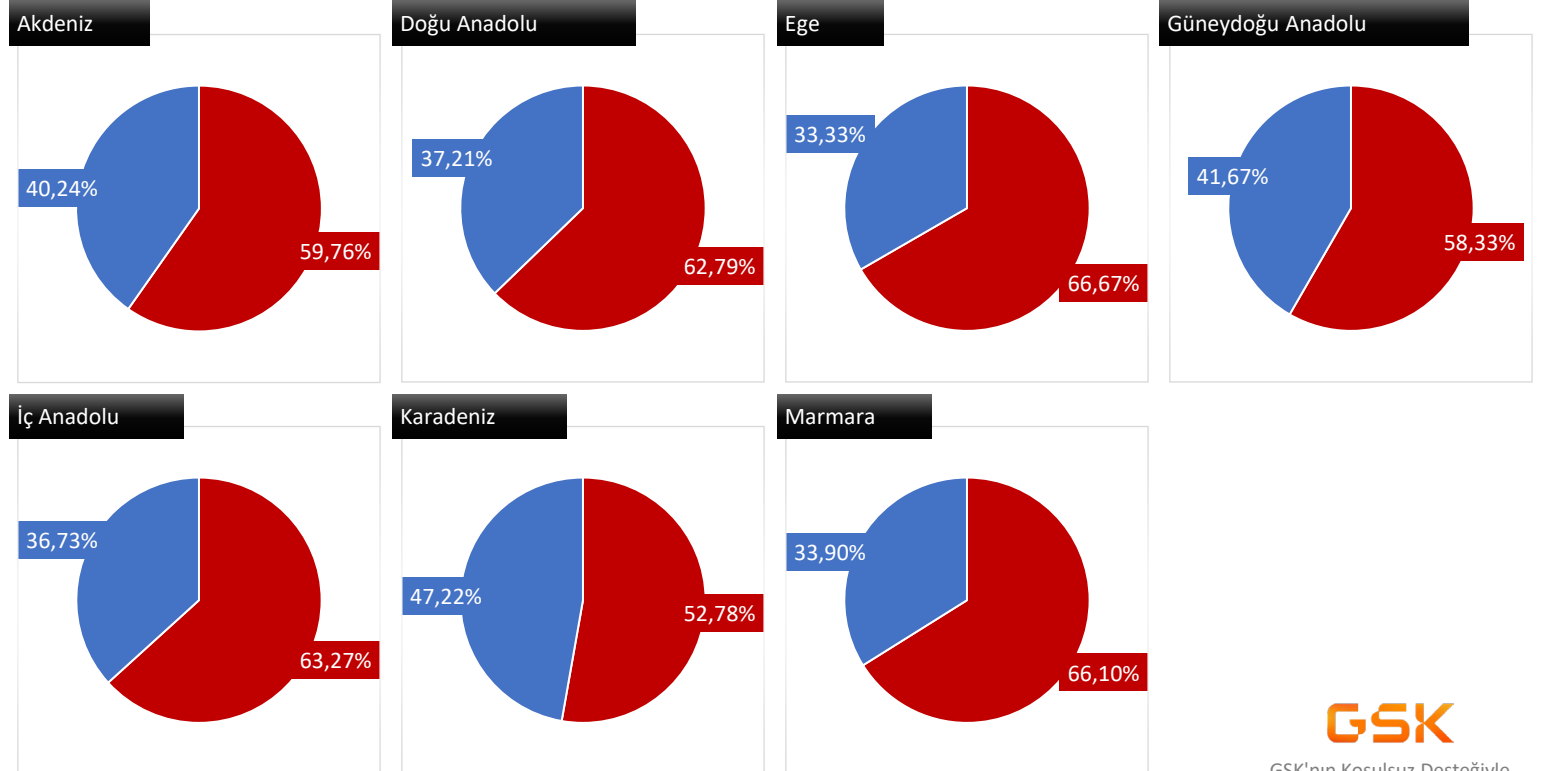




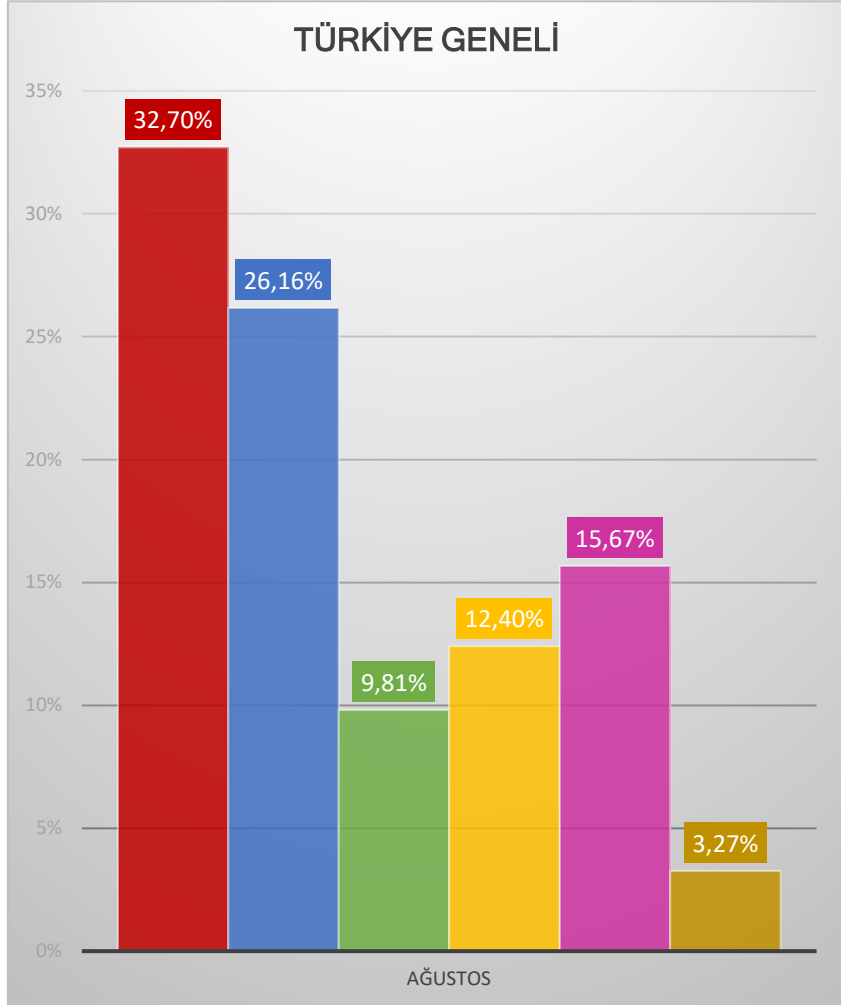
Erişkin aşı önerdiğiniz hastaların aşığı yaptırıp yaptırmadıklarını takip ediyor musunuz?



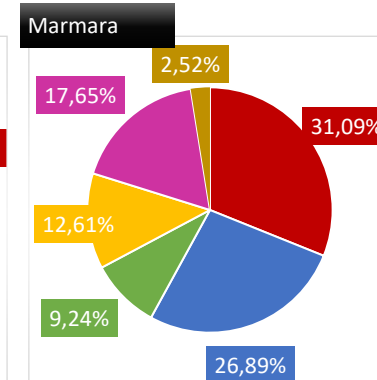
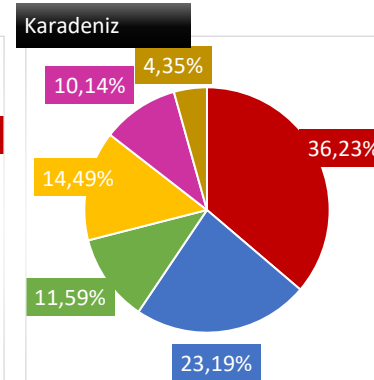
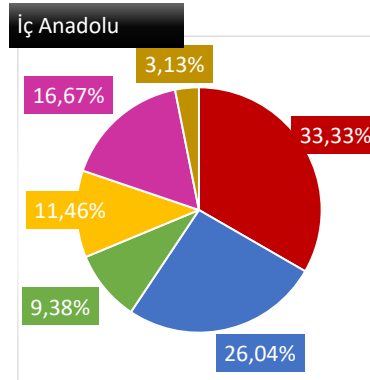
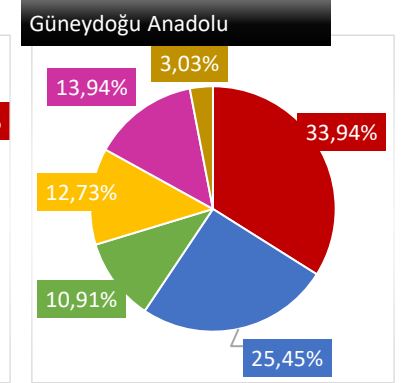
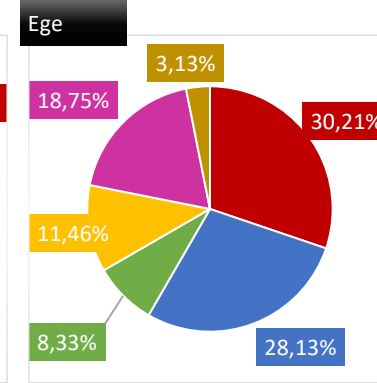
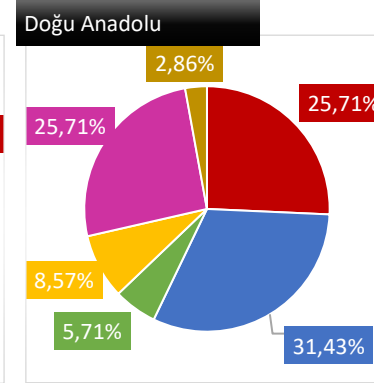
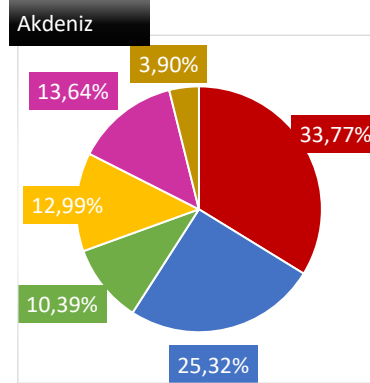
■ Evet
■ Hayır



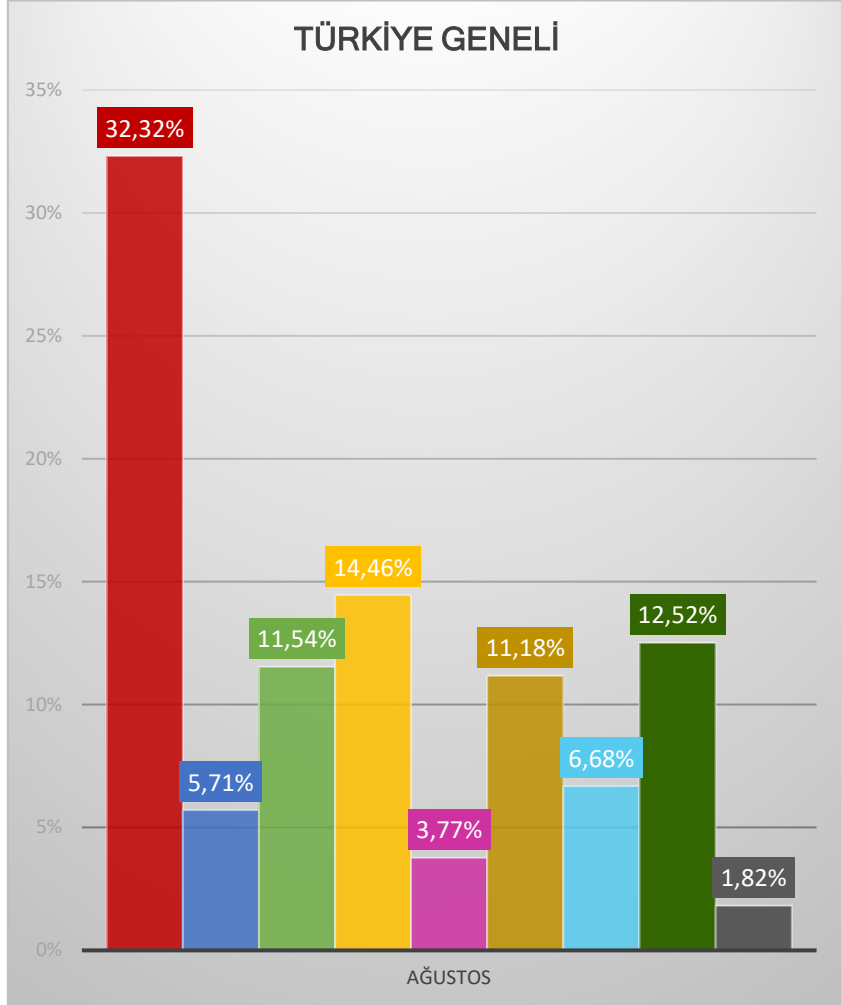
Hastalarınızla geri ödemesiz aşılar hakkında yeterince konuşulmamasının sizce en önemli nedenleri nelerdir?



- Fiyat
- Aşı hakkındaki bilgilerin kısıtlı olması
- Aşının yan etkileri
- Aşının etkililiği
- Aşının zorunlu olmaması
- Çalıştığınız kurumda erişkin aşılamaya yapılmaması



Sizce hastaların geri ödemesiz aşıları yaptırmamasının en önemli nedenleri nedir?



- Fiyat
- Aşı yapılan noktaları bilmemesi
- Aşı hakkında yeterli bilgiye sahip olmaması
- Aşı yaptırmayı gerekli görmemeleri
- Aşının zorunlu olmaması
- Ailesinin/arkadaşlarının/çocuklarının istememesi
- Aşının yan etkileri hakkında endişeleri olması
- Hastalık hakkında yeterli bilgiye sahip olmamaları
- Aşının reçetelendiği kurumda aşı yapılamıyor olması

